USER'S MANUAL

Nema GFX Extensions

Vector Graphics

A-SOCAPG-UMGA03EN v1.0

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Revision History

Rev	Date	Description
1.0	December 2025	Initial Release

Reference Documents

Document ID	Description
A-SOCAPG-UMGA01EN	Nema DC API Library User's Manual
A-SOCAPG-UMGA02EN	Nema GFX API Library User's Manual
A-SOCAPG-ANGA01EN	Nema DC MiP Panels Configuration Application Note
A-SOCAPG-ANGA02EN	Nema GFX Extensions TSVG Supported Elements List Application Note
A-SOCAPG-SGGA01EN	Nema Pixpresso Starting Guide
A-SOCAPG-ANGA03EN	Nema GFX API Debugging Application Note
A-SOCAPG-UMGA04EN	Nema GUI-builder User's Manual
A-SOCAPG-UMGA05EN	Nema GFX Benchmark Suite User's Manual
A-SOCAPG-UMGA06EN	Nema Pico Graphics Processing Unit User's Manual
A-SOCAPG-UMGA07EN	Nema Pico Platform Drivers User's Manual

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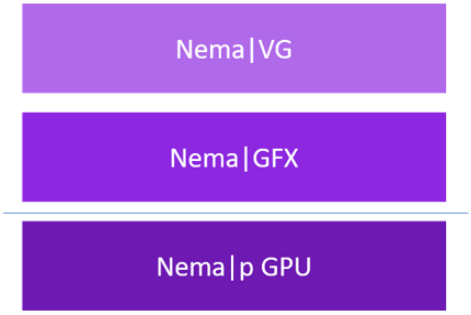
SECTION

1

Overview

Nema GFX Vector Graphics Extensions (VG Extensions) is a set of software extensions to accelerate vector graphics applications on Nema pico. It offers a minimal yet powerful set of API calls that work with Nema GFX as depicted in Figure 1-1. By taking advantage of Nema GFX, the VG extensions are able to perform the necessary vector graphics operations such as geometry tessellation, bezier curve rasterization, stencil and masking and many more, providing minimum memory footprint along with true hardware acceleration, as Nema pico is utilized for rendering the desired context.

Figure 1-1: Nema GFX Vector Graphics Extensions



The following sections contain:

- fundamental concepts on vector graphics and how these concepts are embodied in Nema GFX Vector Graphics Extensions
- a simple example that can be considered as the "Hello World" of Nema GFX Vector Graphics Extensions
- some utilities that can simplify VG applications significantly

A detailed API documentation of Nema GFX Vector Graphics Extensions is included in the last section of this documen.

SECTION

2

Basic Concepts

This section contains fundamental concepts on vector graphics. These concepts are in the core of Nema GFX Vector Graphics Extensions and their basic understanding will help to better utilize Nema GFX Vector Graphics Extensions.

2.1 Vector vs Raster Graphics

Raster graphics elements are described by rectangular grids of pixels that have fixed resolution (width and height). In contrast to this concept, vector graphics elements consist of sets of points that are connected by lines and curves described by mathematical formulas. The connected points form a path. The main advantage of vector over raster graphics is in scaling up or down, where there is no aliasing (Figure 2-1).

Figure 2-1: Zoom-in, Vector vs Raster Graphics

Furthermore, a raster element requires the storage of all its pixels, occupying a memory area with size: width x height x **pixel_size**. The higher the resolution of an image the more memory it requires in order to be stored. On the other hand, storing a vector element in memory requires always the same amount of memory

regardless the resolution. Since a vector element is described by points and mathematical equations, storing it can frequently be more memory efficient than storing individual pixels, even for relatively small resolutions. However, this approach has the cost of computing the points based on their connecting curves for the rendering scene. This requires processing power as the necessary computations need to be performed either on the CPU or on a hardware accelerator.

2.2 Path

Vectors consist of one or more points (vertices). When the points of a vector element are connected, they form a path. The path could either be a fill path where the inside of the geometry will be drawn or a stroke path where the outline ot the geometry will be drawn. In Nema GFX Vector Graphics Extensions, the fill path needs always to be a closed geometry. The simplest way to connect two points is by connecting them using a straight line. Nema GFX Vector Graphics Extensions support path segments that are described by:

- A straight line
- A closed polygon (series of straight lines connected in closed geometry)
- An open polyline (series of straight lines connected in open geometry)
- A quadratic Bezier curve (one control point)
- A smooth quadratic Bezier curve (one control point)
- A cubic Bezier curve (two control points)
- A smooth cubic Bezier curve (two control points)
- An elliptical arc (three control points)

Bezier curves are parametric curves defined by the end points and the control points. The quadratic and cubic Bezier curves that are supported by NEMA| GFX Vector Graphics Extensions are depicted in Figure 2-2 and Figure 2-3 on page 11respectively.

Figure 2-2: Quadratic Bezier Curve (two end points and one control point)

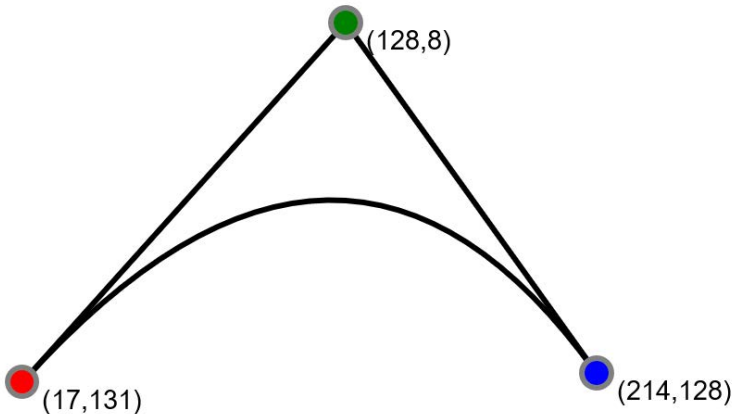
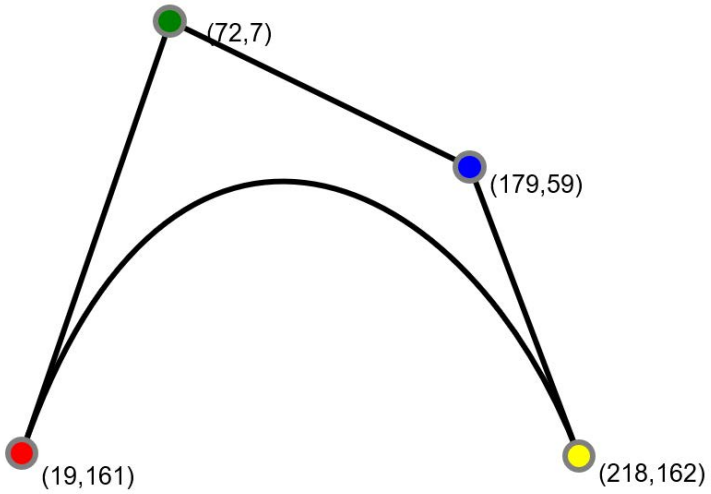


Figure 2-3: Cubic Bezier curve (two end points and two control points)



With Bezier curves, user can specify the end and control points. The curve that connects the two end points is derived based on them.

Smooth control points for cubic and quadratic Bezier are calculated with the following formulas:

1. When a Bezier segment follows a previous Bezier segment, the following equation is used:

   ```
   x1 = 2 * ox - px
   y1 = 2 * oy - py
   ```

   where **x1**,**y1** is the new control point, **ox**,**oy** is the previous data point and **px**, **py** is the previous control point.

2. In any other case:

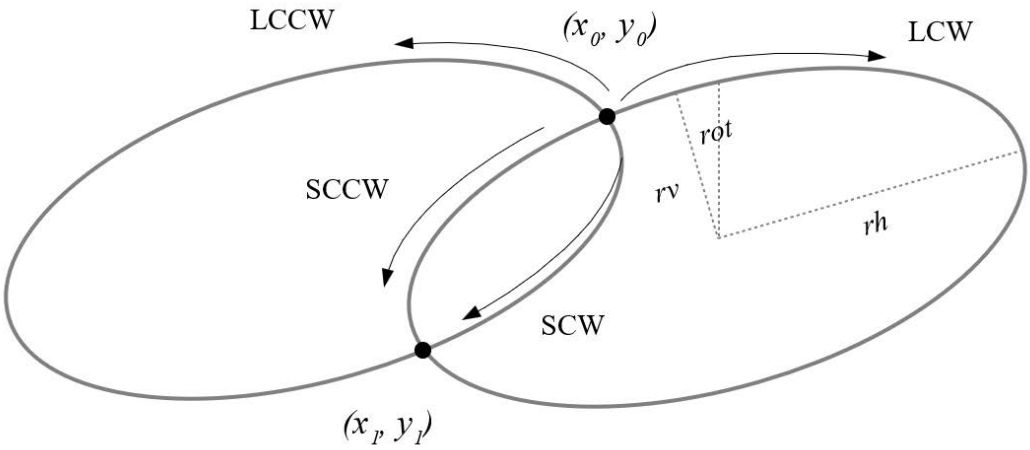
   ```
   x1 = ox y1
   = oy
   ```

In Nema GFX VG, the shape that a path defines is stored inside a vertex buffer which is created implicitly using the function:

```
void nema_vg_path_set_shape(nema_vg_path_t* path, int seg_size,
uint8_t* seg, int da► ta_size, nema_vg_float_t* data);
```

Elliptical arc segments join a pair of points with a section of an ellipse with given horizontal and vertical axes and a rotation angle (in degrees). Given these control points, there are four possible arcs distinguished by their direction around the ellipse (clockwise or counter-clockwise) and whether they take the smaller or larger path around the ellipse. Figure 2-4 on page 12 shows the two possible ellipses.

Figure 2-4: Elliptical Arcs[1]



NOTE: All the above segments support also relative coordinates.

seg_size segments with respective data (eg. segment points) are added to path. Nema GFX VG currently supports the following path segments:

- **NEMA_VG_PRIM_MOVE** (start segment)
- **NEMA_VG_PRIM_CLOSE** (end segment)
- **NEMA_VG_PRIM_LINE** (straight line)
- **NEMA_VG_PRIM_HLINE** (horizontal line)
- **NEMA_VG_PRIM_VLINE** (vertical line)
- **NEMA_VG_PRIM_POLYGON** (closed shape polygon)
- **NEMA_VG_PRIM_POLYGON_REL** (relative closed shape polygon)
- **NEMA_VG_PRIM_POLYLINE** (open shape polyline)
- **NEMA_VG_PRIM_POLYLINE_REL** (relative open shape polyline)
- **NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_QUAD** (quadratic Bezier curve)
- **NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_CUBIC** (cubic Bezier curve)
- **NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_SQUAD** (smooth quadratic Bezier curve)
- **NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_SCUBIC** (smooth cubic Bezier curve)
- **NEMA_VG_PRIM_MOVE_REL** (relative start segment)
- **NEMA_VG_PRIM_LINE_REL** (relative straight line)
- **NEMA_VG_PRIM_HLINE_REL** (relative horizontal line)

[1] OpenVG Specification version 1.1 document

- **NEMA_VG_PRIM_VLINE_REL** (relative vertical line)
- **NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_QUAD_REL** (relative quadratic Bezier curve)
- **NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_CUBIC_REL** (relative cubic Bezier curve)
- **NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_SQUAD_REL** (relative smooth quadratic Bezier curve)
- **NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_SCUBIC_REL** (relative smooth cubic Bezier curve)
- **NEMA_VG_PRIM_SCCWARC** (small counter-clockwise arc)
- **NEMA_VG_PRIM_SCWARC** (small clockwise arc)
- **NEMA_VG_PRIM_LCCWARC** (large counter-clockwise arc)
- **NEMA_VG_PRIM_LCWARC** (large clockwise arc)
- **NEMA_VG_PRIM_SCCWARC_REL** (relative small counter-clockwise arc)
- **NEMA_VG_PRIM_SCWARC_REL** (relative small clockwise arc)
- **NEMA_VG_PRIM_LCCWARC_REL** (relative large counter-clockwise arc)
- **NEMA_VG_PRIM_LCWARC_REL** (relative large clockwise arc)

The first segment of a path should be **NEMA_VG_PRIM_MOVE** which indicates the start of a path. If the first segment is not a **NEMA_VG_PRIM_MOVE** segment, the path will begin from point (0, 0). Similarly, the last segment should be **NEMA_VG_PRIM_CLOSE**. If the last segment is not a **NEMA_VG_PRIM_CLOSE** segment, the path will close implicitly using a straight line to the start point. Relative path segments imply that the data of the current segment (control and end point vertices), are relative to the previous path.

Each of the segments mention earlier is related to its data (e.g., coordinate points (x, y)). The following table summarizes the data count that each segment needs to have in order to be valid.

Table 2-1: Data Count Needed to be Valid

Segment	Data Count
NEMA_VG_PRIM_CLOSE	0 (no data)
NEMA_VG_PRIM_MOVE	2 (x,y start point)
NEMA_VG_PRIM_LINE	2 (x,y end point)
NEMA_VG_PRIM_HLINE	1 (x end point)
NEMA_VG_PRIM_VLINE	1 (y end point)
NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_QUAD	4 (x,y end point - x,y control point)
NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_CUBIC	6 (x,y end point - x,y control point 0 - x,y control point 1)
NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_SQUAD	2 (x,y end point)
NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_SCUBIC	4 (x,y end point - x,y control point 0)

Table 2-1: Data Count Needed to be Valid *(Continued)*

Segment	Data Count
NEMA_VG_PRIM_ARC	5 (rx - ry - rotation - x,y end point)
NEMA_VG_PRIM_POLYGON	variable (a number denoting the polygon points, followed by the x,y coordinates of the points)
NEMA_VG_PRIM_POLYLINE	variable (a number denoting the polyline points, followed by the x,y coordinates of the points)

NOTE: When defining polygon or polyline segments with the **nema_vg_path_set_shape()** function, the provided data consist of the coordinate points of the segments (array of floats).

A path (consecutive segments that form a closed curve), can then be set to a path object using the function:

```
void nema_vg_path_set_shape(nema_vg_path_t* path, int seg_size,
uint8_t* seg, int da► ta_size, nema_vg_float_t* data);
```

Furthermore, a path can be transformed using a transformation matrix. Affine transformations (3x3 matrices) are currently supported. The following function is used to set the transformation matrix of a path (arguments are omitted):

```
void nema_vg_path_set_matrix();
```

2.2.1 Stroke

When stroking a path some additional features can be set such as join style, cap style, stroke width, miter limit, dash pattern and dash phase. Nema GFX VG provides the following functions for setting the stroke features.

```
void nema_vg_stroke_set_width(float width);
void nema_vg_stroke_set_cap_style(uint8_t start_cap_style, uint8_t
end_cap_style);
void nema_vg_stroke_set_join_style(uint8_t join_style); void
nema_vg_stroke_set_miter_limit(float miter_limit);
void nema_vg_stroke_set_dash_pattern(float* dash_pattern, size_t
dash_pattern_size);
void nema_vg_stroke_set_dash_phase(float dash_phase);
void nema_vg_stroke_reset_dash_phase(uint8_t enable);
```

Figure 2-5 on page 15 contains stroked paths with various join/cap styles and stroke width set to 20 and Figure 2-6 on page 15 contains stroked paths with dash features

Figure 2-5: Examples of Stroked Paths

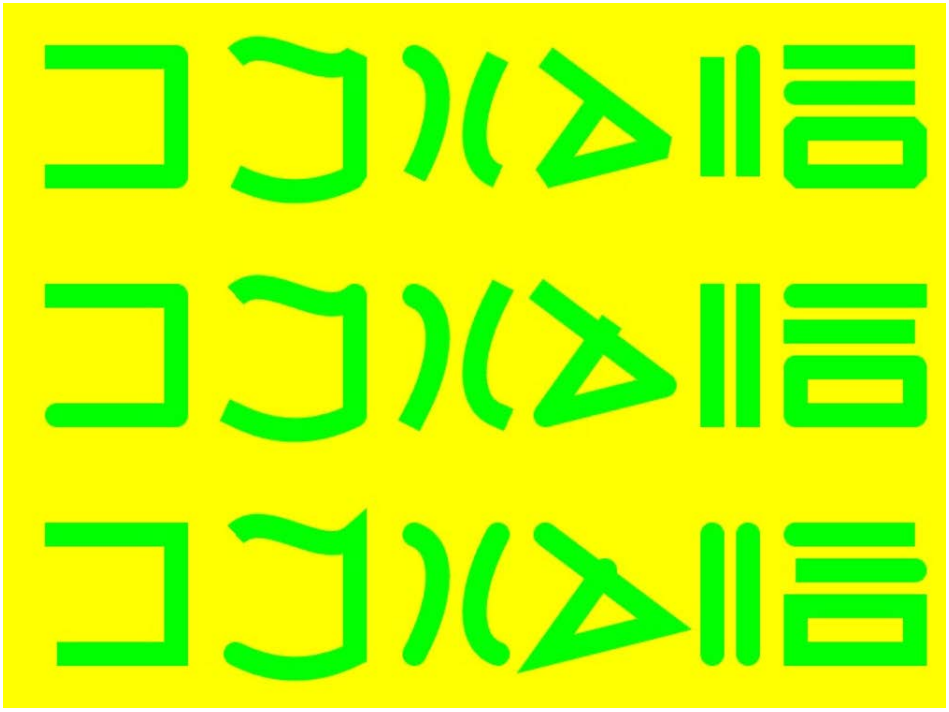
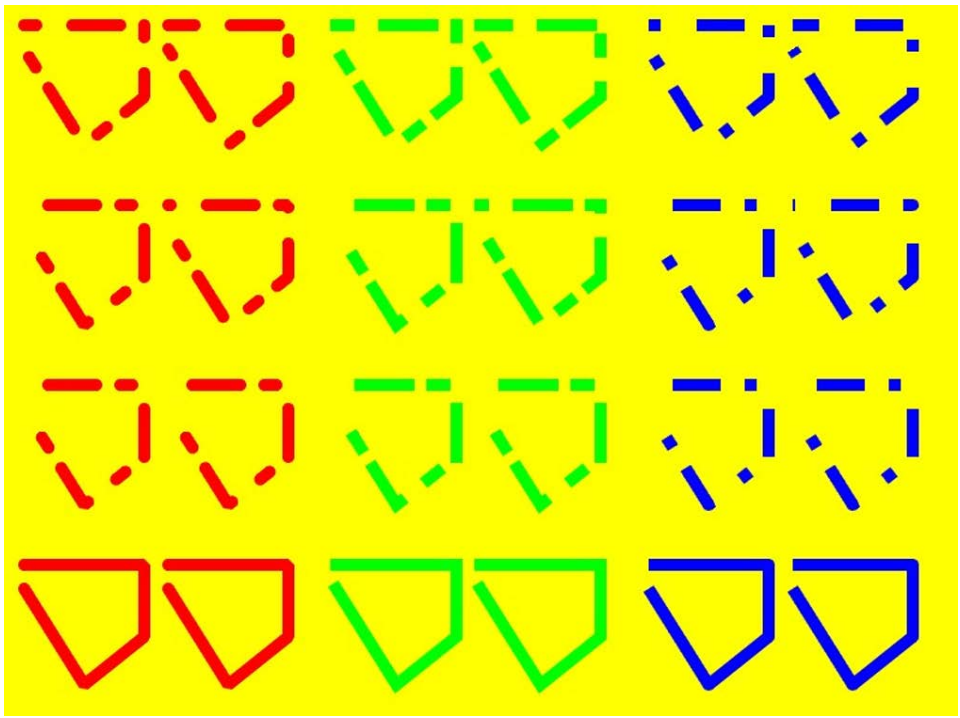


Figure 2-6: Examples of Stroked Dashed Paths



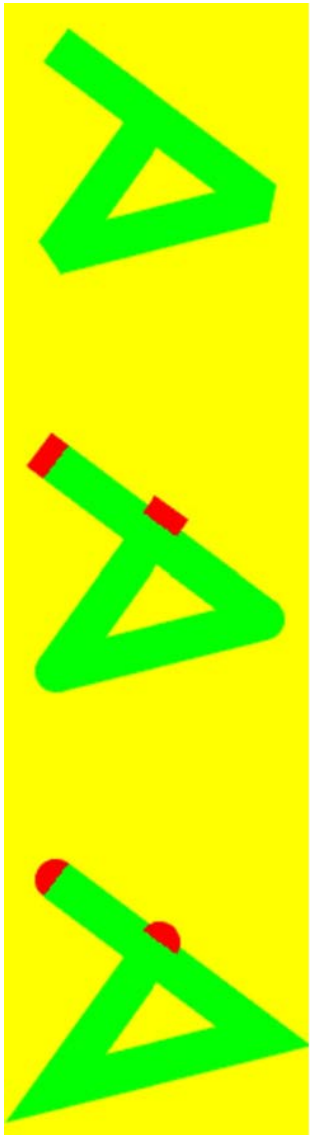
2.2.1.1 Caps

The caps are applied at the beginning and end of a path. A path can have different end cap and start cap. The cap styles currently supported by Nema GFX VG are:

- **NEMA_VG_CAP_BUTT** - appends nothing to the path end/start
- **NEMA_VG_CAP_ROUND** - appends a semicircle to the path end/start with radius equal to half the stroke length
- **NEMA_VG_CAP_SQUARE** - appends a rectangle to the path end/start with width equal to stroke length and height equal to half the stroke length

The default value of the end/start cap style is **NEMA_VG_CAP_BUTT**. Figure 2-7 highlights the caps of the geometry of the fifth column of Figure 2-5 on page 15.

Figure 2-7: Examples of caps of stroked paths (from top to bottom Butt, Square, Round Caps



2.2.1.2 Joins

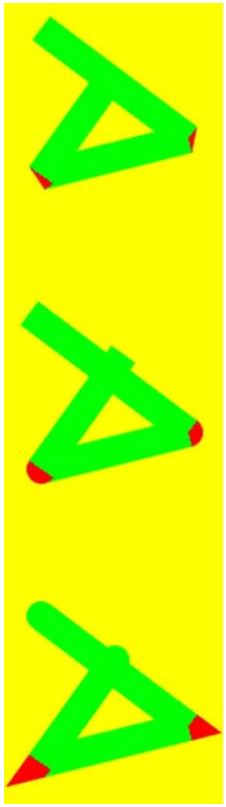
The joins are applied between a pair of segments. The join styles currently supported by Nema GFX VG are:

- **NEMA_VG_JOIN_BEVEL** - appends a triangle with two vertices at the outer endpoints of the segments and a third vertex at the intersection of the two segments.
- **NEMA_VG_JOIN_MITER** - appends a quadrilateral with one vertex at the intersection of the two segments, two adjacent vertices at the outer endpoints and a fourth vertex at the extrapolated intersection point of the outer endpoints
- **NEMA_VG_JOIN_ROUND** - appends a wedge-shaped portion of a circle with radius equal to half the stroke width and centered at the intersection of the two segments

Miter join has an additional feature called miter limit. When the miter limit is set, the miter length of the two segments (the length between the two intersection points of the two segments) is compared to the product of the user-set miter limit and the stroke width. If the miter length exceeds this product the Miter join is not drawn but it is substituted by a Bevel join. The default value of the miter limit is 4.

The default value of the join style is **NEMA_VG_JOIN_BEVEL**. Figure 2-8 highlights the joins of the geometry of the fifth column of Figure 2-5 on page 15 .

Figure 2-8: Examples of joins in stroked paths (from top to bottom Bevel, Round, Miter joins)



2.2.2 Predefined Shapes

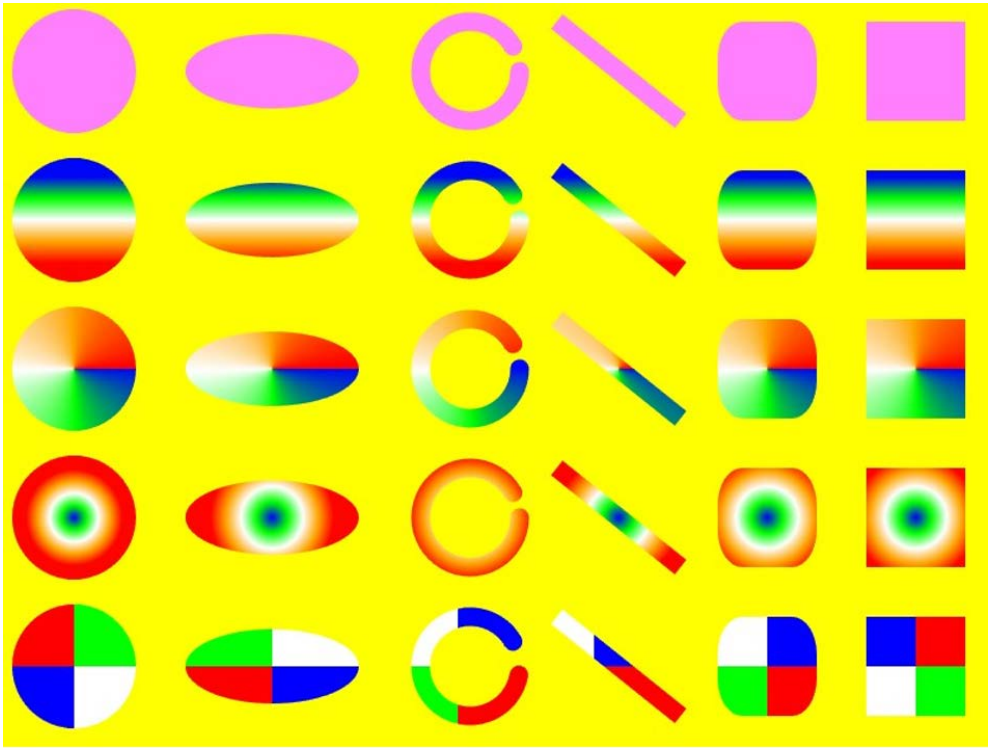
It is possible with the use of primitive path drawing functions to draw any shape at all, however complicated. In addition, Nema GFX VG provides functions for drawing some common predefined shapes. These shape drawing functions are optimized for speed.

The supported predefined shapes include rectangles, ellipses, circles and rings. The following are the functions used for creating these shapes:

```
uint32_t nema_vg_draw_rect(float x, float y, float width, float height,
nema_matrix3x3_t m, NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint) uint32_t
nema_vg_draw_rounded_rect(float x, float y, float width, float height,
         float rx, float ry,
nema_matrix3x3_t m, NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint) uint32_t
nema_vg_draw_ellipse(float cx, float cy, float rx, float ry,
nema_matrix3x3_t m, NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint)
uint32_t nema_vg_draw_circle(float cx, float cy, float r,
nema_matrix3x3_t m, NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint) uint32_t
nema_vg_draw_line(float x1, float y1, float x2, float y2,
nema_matrix3x3_t m, NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint) uint32_t
nema_vg_draw_ring(float cx, float cy, float ring_radius,
         float angle_start, float angle_end, NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint)
```

Figure 2-9 contains shapes drawn with these functions. Beginning from top to bottom, there are examples with solid fill, gradient fill, conical fill, radial gradient fill, and texture fill.

Figure 2-9: Examples of drawn predefined shapes



2.2.3 Fonts

Nema GFX VG supports text rendering using vector fonts. A vector font asset can be created using the off-line tool **nema_vg_font_convert**. This tool takes as input a TrueType (TTF) file and converts it to structs that can be used in Nema GFX VG. By converting a TTF file using **nema_vg_font_convert** tool, two files will be created; a header file (.h) which contains the declaration of the font struct, while the source file (.c) contains the definition of the font structs and its sub-components. The source file contains information regarding each character that is included in the font. Characters in vector fonts are described by closed paths, therefore the Nema GFX VG font structs keep the path information (segments and data) of all the included characters.

Prior to drawing text, Nema GFX VG library needs to have a valid bound font. A font can be bound using the following function:

```
void nema_vg_bind_font(nema_vg_font_t *font);
```

The desired font size can be set afterwards using:

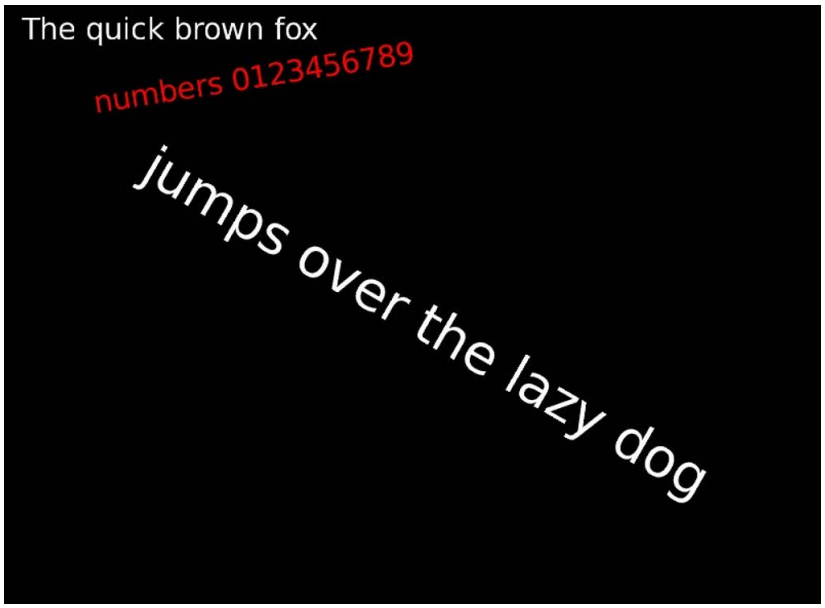
```
void nema_vg_set_font_size(float size);
void nema_vg_bind_font(nema_vg_font_t *font);
```

After the font is bound in the library and its size has been set, text can be rendered using **nema_vg_print()** function:

```
void nema_vg_print(NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint, const char *str,
float x, float y,  float w, float h, uint32_t align,
nema_matrix3x3_t m);
```

The above function takes as arguments the paint object (more details in Paint) that contains information about how the text should be rendered (e.g., fill with a single color, fill with gradient, outlines etc.), the text to be rendered, the position and maximum allowed width and height, alignment flag and a transformation matrix. For more information, refer to the documentation of **nema_vg_font.h** file as described in *Section 4 Vector Graphics API on page 35*. Figure 2-10 on page 20 depicts an example of text drawing using a vector font. The same font is used for drawing all three texts, however different font size and transformation matrix is set to each one.

Figure 2-10: Text drawing using vector font



In Figure 2-10, text is rendered as vector paths filled with a singe color. Nevertheless, depending on the setup of the paint object, text can be rendered in many ways as depicted in Figure 2-11. In this figure, text is rendered using linear gradient on filled paths as well as on stroked paths (letter outlines). Such rendering, requires that the gradient and/or the stroked width respectively, have been setup by the user prior to executing **nema_vg_print** function.

Figure 2-11: Text drawing using vector font

Nema GFX VG has also the option to generate raster fonts from vector fonts at runtime by calling **nema_vg_generate_raster_font**.

With this functionality the user can benefit from choosing at runtime different font sizes with one vector font and using faster raster fonts when rendering.

2.2.4 Large Coordinates

As mentioned earlier, the data of a path contain coordinate points. In some configurations, due to hardware limitations, the coordinates of the geometry (path) need to be inside a certain range. Function **nema_vg_get_coord_limits()** returns the minimum and maximum values of the available range. Paths with coordinates outside of the given range can be handled in the following two ways.

The first one is to discard them and do not draw them at all (default option). In this case, calling **nema_vg_draw_path()** function will return the respective error code (**NEMA_VG_ERR_COORDS_OUT_OF_RANGE**). The second option, is to clip these paths in order to fit within the available range and then draw the clipped paths. Clipping such paths, requires to create new paths with new segments and vertices and this needs to allocate memory in order to store them. Therefore, the user needs to allocate memory buffers (one for the segments and one for the data).

Once these buffers are created, they need to be bound to Nema GFX VG library. This can be done using **nema_vg_bind_clip_coords_buffer()**, so that the library can use them internally. Besides, allocating the buffers needed for storing the clipped path, the option for handling large coordinates must be set as well (using **nema_vg_handle_large_coords()** function). The following code snippet depicts a scenario where a path with large coordinated is clipped:

```
    //Allocate memory using nema_host_malloc()
    size_t data_size = 1000;     size_t seg_size = 250;
    uint8_t* segs =
(uint8_t*)(nema_host_malloc(seg_size*sizeof(uint8_t)));
nema_vg_float_t* data =
(nema_vg_float_t*)(nema_host_malloc(data_size*sizeof(ne▶
ma_vg_float_t)));
    uint32_t err = nema_vg_bind_clip_coords_buffer((void*)segs,
seg_size, (void*)data,  data_size);
    nema_vg_handle_large_coords(1U, 1U); // enable large
coordinates handling and in▶ ternal memory allocation
(void) nema_vg_draw_path(path, paint);
nema_vg_unbind_clip_coords_buf();
    nema_host_free((void*)segs);
nema_host_free((void*)data);
```

Handling large coordinates is controlled using **nema_vg_handle_large_coords()** function. Its first argument controls if the large coordinates should be handled. In case this argument is '0', large coordinates will not be handled and respective paths will be discarded and not drawn at all. If this is set to be '1', Nema GFX VG will attempt to make use of the bound clipped coordinates buffers (allocated by the user). If the clipped path (segments and data) fits inside these buffers, they will be used for storing the clipped path. If however the clipped path does not fit inside these buffers, then the second argument (**allow_internal_alloc**) is used to control the rendering flow. In this case, if this argument is '0' a path with large coordinates

will be discarded. Otherwise, Nema GFX VG library will allocate memory internally in order to store the clipped path, draw it and then free the allocated memory.

NOTE: The previous snippet uses **nema_host_malloc()** for memory allocation. It is up to the application level (user) to decide how memory allocations (and deallocations) should be performed (eg. using stack allocated arrays or other memory allocators). The rest of of the drawing functions **(nema_vg_print()**, **nema_vg_draw_tsvg()** and predefined shapes) behave similarly.

2.3 Paint

Another important concept of vector graphics is the paint object. This is responsible for drawing a path. On each path, the paint object can be applied with certain fill rules in order to determine how the path outline and interior areas will be handled. A paint object in Nema GFX VG can be created using the following function:

```
NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE nema_vg_paint_create();
```

Once a paint object is created, its type needs to be set. The types that are currently supported by Nema GFX VG are:

- **NEMA_VG_PAINT_COLOR** - fills the path's interior with a specific color
- **NEMA_VG_PAINT_GRAD_LINEAR** - given two points p0, p1 it fills the interior path from p0 to p1 with linear gradient form p0's color to p1's color
- **NEMA_VG_PAINT_TEXTURE** - fills the path's interior with a texture or a LUT texture. A texture is set with **nema_vg_paint_set_tex()**, and a LUT texture is set with **nema_vg_pain_set_lut_tex()**. The texture orientation can be handled by providing a transformation matrix
- **NEMA_VG_PAINT_GRAD_RADIAL** - fills the path's interior with radial gradient, based on values of center point, radius, stops, and stops color values
- **NEMA_VG_PAINT_GRAD_CONICAL** - fills the path's interior with conical gradient, based on values of center point, stops, and stops color values

NOTE: The radial gradient feature is available only if the GPU (Nema pico) has also this feature enabled..

The type of the paint object can be set using the following function (the arguments are omitted):

```
void nema_vg_paint_set_type();
```

Depending on the paint type set, user may need to set additional parameters. For instance, when the paint object's type is set as **NEMA_VG_PAINT_COLOR**, the desired color for the paint object is also required. User can set this by calling **nema_vg_paint_set_paint_color()**. If this function is not called, the default color (black) will be used.

When using gradient, first user need to create the gradient buffer, by calling **nema_vg_grad_create()**. Then user need to set the gradient buffer to the desired gradient by calling **nema_vg_grad_set()**. The values stops color and stops denote the colors to be used in the gradient and where they stop respectively. stops can take float values in the range [0, 1]. By adjusting their value, user can manipulate how the colors are displayed within the gradient. The value 0 is the start (p0 point for linear gradient) or the center (radial or conical gradient) and value 1 is the end (p1 point for linear gradient), the radius point (radial gradient) or 360 degree angle (conical gradient). In case stops values are out of range or in incoherent order, they are omitted and a gradient starting from 0 with black color and ending at 1 with white color will be set. In case stops values exceed **NEMA_VG_PAINT_MAX_GRAD_STOPS**, the exceeding values will be ignored.

User also need to set the sampling mode, as it defines how the paint object should behave when the path is outside of the end (linear gradient), radius point (radial) or angle (conical gradient). The above parameters can be set by using the following functions (arguments are omitted):

```
void nema_vg_paint_set_grad_linear();
void nema_vg_paint_set_grad_radial();
void nema_vg_paint_set_grad_conical();
void nema_vg_paint_set_paint_color();
void nema_vg_paint_set_tex_matrix();
void nema_vg_paint_set_tex();
void nema_vg_paint_set_lut_tex();
```

2.4 Context

Performing a drawing operation requires various information to be available at drawing time. Such pieces of information are the drawing surface, the stencil buffer, the mask operation (if enabled), the blending mode, a look-up table, the fill rule and the quality level. These are grouped in the context object which is an opaque object to the user. Although that the user can not access this object directly, it is affected by using specific functions described in this section.

NOTE: Before attempting to perform a draw operation, user need to initialize the Nema GFX VG library first. Initialization takes place using one of the functions **void nema_vg_init(int width, int height)**, v**oid nema_vg_init_stencil_pool(int width, int height, int pool)** or **void nema_vg_init_stencil_prealloc(int width, int height, nema_buffer_t stencil_bo)**. When using **nema_vg_init_stencil_prealloc**, the stencil buffer must have a size of the first multiple of 4 that is equal or bigger than RESX*RESY, where RESX and RESY are the framebuffer dimensions. The stencil buffer can be altered after initialization by calling one of the following functions: **nema_vg_bind_stencil**, **nema_vg_bind_stencil_pool** or **nema_vg_bind_stencil_prealloc**. If the previous stencil was allocated by the library it will be deallocated when calling one of the above functions..

User can also provide a global matrix to apply a transformation to the entire geometry. This is done by calling **nema_vg_set_global_matrix()** with the desired transformation matrix. The feature is deactivated by calling **nema_vg_reset_global_matrix()**.

2.4.1 Error Handling

When an error occurs at runtime, it is recorded in the context object. All possible error codes can be found in *Section 4 Vector Graphics API on page 35*. The error code can be retrieved using the following function:

```
uint32_t nema_vg_get_error(void);
```

2.4.2 Fill Rules

Path drawing requires the use of a fill rule. The fill rule determines how paint is applied to the interior areas of the path. Nema GFX VG supports the following fill rules:

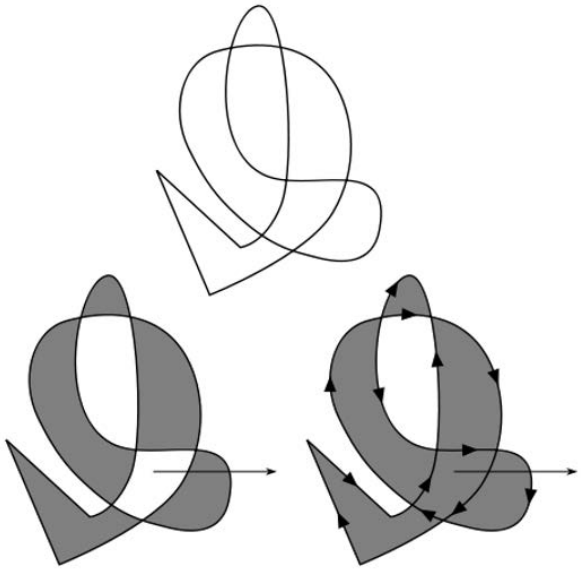
- **NEMA_VG_STROKE**
- **NEMA_VG_FILL_EVEN_ODD**
- **NEMA_VG_FILL_NON_ZERO** (default)

The fill rule can be set be running the following function:

```
void nema_vg_set_fill_rule(uint8_t fill_rule);
```

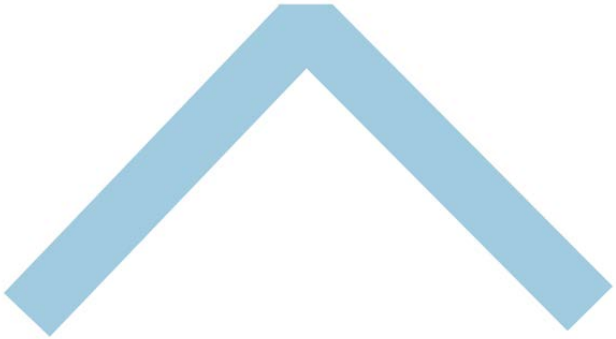
The stroke fill rule specifies that only the outline of the path will be drawn. Figure 2-12 on page 25 illustrates the difference between the even-odd and the non-zero fill rules:

Figure 2-12: Upper part: path, lower part: even-odd (left), non-zero (right)[1]



Outlines also support variable width, different end/start cap style and join style. Refer to *Section 2.2.1 Stroke on page 14* for further information.

Figure 2-13: Stroking with width greater than 1 and bevel join



2.4.3 Rendering Quality and Blending

User can control the rendering quality with the quality modes. These quality modes favor performance over quality or vice versa. The quality modes that are currently supported in Nema GFX VG are the following:

- **NEMA_VG_QUALITY_BETTER** - Better rendering quality (default option, balances rendering quality and performance)
- **NEMA_VG_QUALITY_FASTER** - Faster rendering quality (favors performance over rendering quality)

[1]Source Wikipedia.

- **NEMA_VG_QUALITY_MAXIMUM** - Maximum rendering quality (favors rendering quality over performance)
- **NEMA_VG_QUALITY_NON_AA** - Rendering quality without anti-aliasing

The quality level is controlled by running this function before starting a rendering operation (draw a path):

```
void nema_vg_set_quality(uint8_t quality);
```

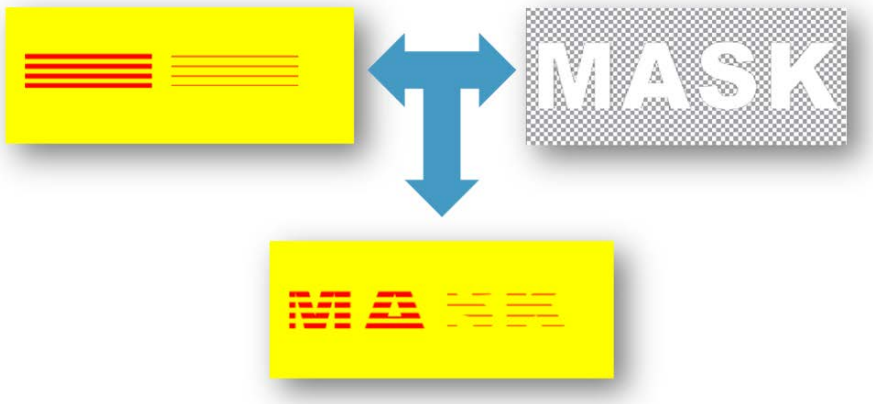
Another parameter that affects a rendering operation is the blending mode, which configures the way rendering is done. For example, a path can be blended in the framebuffer or drawn over it. The default blending mode is: **NEMA_BL_SRC_OVER**. For more information regarding the blending modes, refer to *Nema GFX API User's Manual A-SOCAPG-UMGA02EN*. The blending mode can be set using the following function:

```
void nema_vg_set_blend(uint32_t blend);
```

2.4.4 Masking

Masking is an important feature supported in Nema GFX VG. A mask object contains the alpha channel (opacity) that will be used for blending a vector object (for example, a path). This is depicted in Figure 2-14 where the mask object (upper right picture) is applied to the paths (upper left picture) that need to be drawn. The result can be viewed in the bottom part of the figure.

Figure 2-14: Example of applying a mask object



The mask object is an image object with a color format A1, A2, A4 or A8. When setting a mask object of a different color format, an error code is returned by the **nema_vg_set_mask** function. This function is used to set the mask object.

```
uint32_t nema_vg_set_mask(nema_img_obj_t *mask_obj);
```

Prior to setting the mask object, the masking parameter of the context needs to be enabled as well. This is performed using the following function:

```
void nema_vg_masking(uint8_t masking);
```

Running this function using 1U value in the masking argument, will enable masking, while using 0U value will disable it.

Moreover, it is also possible to move the mask object to the area of interest with the following function:

```
void nema_vg_set_mask_translation(float x, float y);
```

2.4.5 Global Transformation

User can provide a global matrix to apply an affine transformation to the entire geometry. This is done by calling: **nema_vg_set_global_matrix()** with the desired transformation matrix.

By doing so, all subsequent drawing operations will use this matrix. The feature is deactivated by calling **nema_vg_reset_global_matrix()**.

2.5 Memory Allocations

Apart from the functionality of each component (path, paint and object) found in Nema GFX VG that is presented in previous chapters, it is necessary to clarify any implicit memory allocation, so user can easily estimate the necessary memory for a Nema GFX VG application and perform any optimizations, if needed.

The Nema GFX VG library is initialized by calling one of the following functions:

```
void nema_vg_init(int width, int height);
void nema_vg_init_stencil_pool(int width, int height, int pool)
```

Calling these functions implies some memory allocations. The first one is for the stencil buffer. This buffer is used internally by the library in order to render the specified path. Provided that the biggest possible path that may be encountered in an Nema GFX VG application could occupy the full resolution of the framebuffer, the stencil buffer occupies width x height bytes, where width, height is the resolution of the framebuffer.

The second one is for a look-up table. This look-up table is part of the context and is necessary internally, when drawing anti-aliased paths using the non-zero fill rule; it occupies 256 bytes.

Nema GFX VG contains a special module used for rendering TSVG formated files (for more information regarding TSVG format, refer to *Pixpresso Starting Guide A-SOCAPG-SGGA01EN* and *Nema VG TSVG Elements*). Calling the initialization functions, the TSVG renderer gets initialized as well. Its initialization implies three memory allocations; for the paint, path and gradient objects that are used internally.

It must be noted that the memory allocations mentioned above, take place at library initialization time and all the occupied memory gets deallocated by de-initializing the library (calling **nema_vg_deinit()** function).

In addition, large coordinate handling (see *Section 2.2.4 Large Coordinates on page 21* for more information) may allocate memory internally for handling paths with large coordinates, depending on the user preference. This is controlled via **nema_vg_handle_large_coords()** function. In this case, memory will be deallocated also internally.

Any object created explicitly by the user, using the create functions, (such as **nema_vg_path_create**, **nema_vg_paint_create**, or **nema_vg_grad_create**) need also to be explicitly destroyed using the respective destroy function (for instance **nema_vg_path_destroy**, **nema_vg_paint_destroy**, or **nema_vg_grad_destroy**).

SECTION

3

Hello Nema GFX VG

This section provides a simple application that demonstrates how Nema GFX VG Extensions is used in practice. A star-path is created and painted using various configurations (fill rules and paint type) as seen in Figure 3-1.

The full code for this example can be found under **NemaGFX_SDK/examples/NemaVG/paint_example** folder. The following chapters provide snippets of this code with relative explanations.

Figure 3-1: Various paint configurations applied to a star path

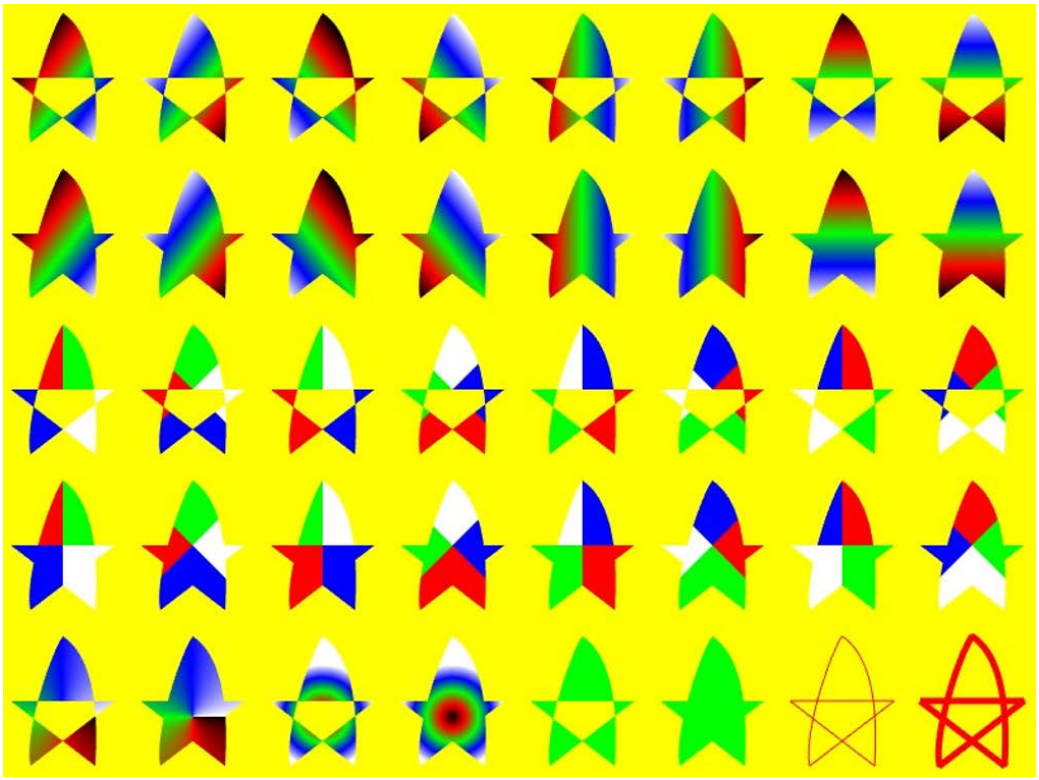


Figure 3-1 on page 29 shows the following

- **First row**: even-odd fill rule with linear gradient paint
- **Second row**: non-zero fill rule, with linear gradient paint
- **Third row**: even-odd fill rule with a texture paint and different orientation matrices
- **Fourth row**: non-zero fill rule with a texture paint and different orientation matrices,
- **Fifth row**: even-odd and non-zero fill rules with conical and radial gradient paint, fill paint and stroke.

3.1 Library Initialization

The program starts by initializing the graphics system (Nema GFX library) and display controller. After the Nema GFX library is initialized, the memory needed for the framebuffer is allocated and initialized (**function load_objects()**). In this example, the framebuffer is the variable fb. Then a command list is created and bound as the current command list. The framebuffer is cleared with yellow color, and the clipping rectangle is set. Finally, the VG library is initialized by calling **nema_vg_init()**.

```
  //Initialize NemaGFX   if ( nema_init() != 0 ) {
      return -1;   }
  //Initialize NemaDC   if ( nemadc_init() != 0 ) {
      return -2;   }   load_objects();
  //Format     | Pixclock | RESX | FP | SYNC | BP | RESY | FP | SYNC | BP
//800x600, 60Hz | 40.000   | 800 | 40 | 128 | 88 | 600 | 1 | 4   | 23
  nemadc_timing(800, 40, 128, 88, 600, 1, 4, 23);
nemadc_set_layer(0, &dc_layer);
  nema_cmdlist_t cl  = nema_cl_create();
nema_cl_bind(&cl);
  //clear fb
  nema_bind_dst_tex(fb.bo.base_phys, fb.w, fb.h, fb.format, fb.stride);
  nema_set_clip(0, 0, RESX, RESY);
  nema_clear(nema_rgba(0xff,0xff,0x00,0xff)); //yellow
nema_vg_init(RESX, RESY);
```

3.2 Application Initialization

After the library initialization, the next step is to create the Nema GFX VG objects and configure them properly. The first object is the paint object. After paint is created, its type is set along with the context's fill rule and quality parameters. Then a path object is created with the function **nema_vg_path_create()**. Path shape is set by **nema_vg_path_set_shape()**. The matrices that will be used afterwards for transforming the path are defined here as well. Also the gradient buffer is created by calling **nema_vg_grad_create()**.

```
  NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint =  nema_vg_paint_create();
nema_vg_paint_set_type(paint, NEMA_VG_PAINT_GRAD_LINEAR);
nema_vg_set_fill_rule(NEMA_VG_FILL_EVEN_ODD);
  NEMA_VG_PATH_HANDLE path = nema_vg_path_create();
  NEMA_VG_GRAD_HANDLE gradient = nema_vg_grad_create();
  nema_matrix3x3_t m_path;   nema_matrix3x3_t m_paint;
nema_vg_path_set_shape(path, 6, cmds_star, 12, data_star_small);
```

3.3 Draw Operation

Once the Nema GFX VG objects are ready, they can be used to perform draw operations. The first step is to draw the triangles as seen in the first row (even-odd fill rule) of Figure 3-1 on page 29. The position of each triangle needs to be calculated which means that the path will be translated to the calculated position using a matrix-based transformation. Furthermore, the linear gradient is set. The fill rule needs to be set once, thus it is set outside of the loop. Inside the loop, the position of each triangle is calculated (**x_pos** and **y_pos**) and respective matrix is applied to the path. The following snippet summarizes these operations:

```
nema_vg_set_fill_rule(NEMA_VG_FILL_EVEN_ODD);
for ( int i = 0; i < 8 ; i++) {
  x_pos= star_dist_x*i;     y_pos = 0;
  nema_mat3x3_load_identity(m_path);
  nema_mat3x3_translate(m_path, x_pos, y_pos);
  nema_vg_path_set_matrix(path, m_path);
  nema_vg_paint_set_grad_linear(paint, gradient, grad[i][0] +
x_pos, grad[i][1] +
 y_pos, grad[i][2] + x_pos, grad[i][3] + y_pos);
    nema_vg_draw_path(path, paint);
}
```

Similarly, the drawing operations for the stars of the second raw (non-zero fill rule) would be as in the next snippet. The same settings, except the vertical position (**y_pos**) and fill rule (**non_zero** in this case).

```
nema_vg_set_fill_rule(NEMA_VG_FILL_NON_ZERO);
for ( int i = 0; i < 8 ; i++) {
    x_pos= star_dist_x*i;     y_pos = star_dist_y;
    nema_mat3x3_load_identity(m_path);
    nema_mat3x3_translate(m_path, x_pos, y_pos);
    nema_vg_path_set_matrix(path, m_path);
    nema_vg_paint_set_grad_linear(paint, gradient, grad[i][0] +
x_pos, grad[i][1] + y_pos, grad[i][2] + x_pos, grad[i][3] +
y_pos);
    nema_vg_draw_path(path, paint);
}
```

Drawing a texture in a path, requires that the paint type as well as the texture will be set accordingly. The next snippet contains the code for drawing the first triangle of the third row. This is a textured path, with even-odd fill rule. The rest of the textured triangles (third and fourth rows) are also drawn in a similar manner.

```
int star_x_off = 10, star_y_off = 50;
nema_vg_paint_set_type(paint, NEMA_VG_PAINT_TEXTURE);
nema_vg_paint_set_tex(paint, &ref_img);
   x_pos = 0;
   y_pos = star_dist_y*2;
nema_mat3x3_load_identity(m_path);
nema_mat3x3_translate(m_path, x_pos, y_pos);
nema_vg_path_set_matrix(path, m_path);
nema_mat3x3_load_identity(m_paint);
nema_mat3x3_translate(m_paint, x_pos + star_x_off, y_pos +
star_y_off);
nema_vg_paint_set_tex_matrix(paint, m_paint);
nema_vg_set_fill_rule(NEMA_VG_FILL_EVEN_ODD);
nema_vg_draw_path(path, paint);
```

Drawing the same path using conical gradient requires that the gradient's parameters are configured accordingly, as depicted in the following snippet:

```
float x_star_center;
float y_star_center;
  x_pos = 0.f;
  x_star_center = x_pos + star_length/2 + star_x_off;
  y_star_center = y_pos + star_height/2 + star_y_off + 12.f;
nema_mat3x3_load_identity(m_path);
nema_mat3x3_translate(m_path, x_pos, y_pos);
nema_vg_path_set_matrix(path, m_path);
nema_vg_set_fill_rule(NEMA_VG_FILL_EVEN_ODD);
nema_vg_paint_set_type(paint, NEMA_VG_PAINT_GRAD_CONICAL);
nema_vg_paint_set_grad_conical(paint, gradient, x_star_center,
  y_star_center, NE►
MA_TEX_CLAMP  | NEMA_FILTER_BL);
nema_vg_draw_path(path, paint);
```

The drawing operation for the radial gradient is also performed in a similar manner:

```
x_pos = STAR_DIST_X*2;
x_star_center = x_pos + star_length/2 + star_x_off; y_star_center
= y_pos + star_height/2 + star_y_off + 12.f;
nema_mat3x3_load_identity(m_path);
nema_mat3x3_translate(m_path, x_pos, y_pos);
nema_vg_path_set_matrix(path, m_path);
nema_vg_set_fill_rule(NEMA_VG_FILL_EVEN_ODD);
nema_vg_paint_set_type(paint, NEMA_VG_PAINT_GRAD_RADIAL);
nema_vg_paint_set_grad_radial(paint, gradient, x_star_center,
y_star_center, star_length/2, NEMA_TEX_CLAMP | NEMA_FILTER_BL);
nema_vg_draw_path(path, paint);
```

The stops and colors used in the previous cases with gradient (linear, conical and radial) can be configured in the gradient buffer by calling **nema_vg_grad_set()**, as in the following snippet:

```
#define COLOR_STOPS       5
float stops[COLOR_STOPS] = {0.0f, 0.25f, 0.50f, 0.75f, 1.0f};
color_var_t colors[COLOR_STOPS]={{0 ,0 ,0 ,255},//black
{255, 0  , 0  , 255}, //red
                                  {0  , 255, 0  , 255}, //green
                                  {0  , 0  , 255, 255}, //blue
                                  {255, 255, 255, 255}}; //white
nema_vg_grad_set(gradient, COLOR_STOPS, stops, colors);
```

A colorized path as it can be seen in the last row of Figure 3-1 on page 29, can be drawn similarly, by setting the paint color instead of the texture.

```
int star_x_off = 10, star_y_off = 50;
nema_vg_paint_set_type(paint, NEMA_VG_PAINT_TEXTURE);
nema_vg_paint_set_tex(paint, &ref_img);
      x_pos = 0;
      y_pos = star_dist_y*2;
nema_mat3x3_load_identity(m_path);
nema_mat3x3_translate(m_path, x_pos, y_pos);
nema_vg_path_set_matrix(path, m_path);
nema_mat3x3_load_identity(m_paint);
nema_mat3x3_translate(m_paint, x_pos + star_x_off, y_pos +
      star_y_off);
nema_vg_paint_set_tex_matrix(paint, m_paint);
nema_vg_set_fill_rule(NEMA_VG_FILL_EVEN_ODD);
nema_vg_draw_path(path, paint);
```

Finally, the outline of a shape can be drawn using two different ways; the first one would be to simply draw the outline using 1 pixel width for the border:

```
x_pos = STAR_DIST_X*6;
nema_mat3x3_load_identity(m_path);
nema_mat3x3_translate(m_path, x_pos, y_pos);
nema_vg_path_set_matrix(path, m_path);
nema_vg_set_fill_rule(NEMA_VG_STROKE);
nema_vg_paint_set_paint_color(paint,
nema_rgba(0xff, 0x00, 0x000, 0xff)); // red
nema_vg_draw_path(path, paint);
```

The second one would be to draw the outline using stroke:

```
x_pos = STAR_DIST_X*7;
nema_mat3x3_load_identity(m_path);
nema_mat3x3_translate(m_path, x_pos, y_pos);
nema_vg_path_set_matrix(path, m_path);
nema_vg_stroke_set_width(paint, 5.f);
nema_vg_draw_path(path, paint);
```

The drawing operations that have been presented in this section are added to the bound command list (for more information about the command lists, refer to *Nema GFX Manual*). Therefore you must submit the bound command list to the GPU for execution. Otherwise, the framebuffer will not be updated.

3.4 Memory Deallocation

The last part of a Nema GFX VG application is to free the occupied memory. The overall flow of a Nema GFX VG application requires the creation of the necessary objects (path and paint) and their configuration so that they can perform drawing operations. Subsequently, these objects must be destroyed after they are not necessary anymore for the needs of the application. The following function calls destroy these objects.

```
nema_vg_paint_destroy(paint);
nema_vg_path_destroy(path);
nema_vg_grad_destroy(gradient);
nema_vg_deinit();
```

These will free the memory occupied by the paint object, the path object, the gradient object, and the stencil buffer and look up table (function **nema_vg_deinit()**) that were created (see Memory Allocations).

SECTION

4

Vector Graphics API

4.1 Files

Here is a list of all files with brief descriptions:

4.1.1 nema_vg.h

Core NemaVG API drawing and initialization functions.

```
#include "nema_core.h"
#include "nema_sys_defs.h"
#include "nema_vg_path.h"
#include "nema_vg_paint.h"
#include "nema_vg_context.h"
```

4.1.1.1 Functions

void nema_vg_init(int width, int height)

Initializes NemaVG library and allocates the stencil buffer to the default memory pool (**NEMA_MEM_POOL_FB**) Call either this or **nema_vg_init_stencil_pool** to allocate the stencil buffer to a different memory pool or **nema_vg_init_stencil_prealloc** to provide the stencil buffer.

void nema_vg_init_stencil_pool(int width, int height, int pool)

Initializes NemaVG library and allocate the stencil buffer in a specific memory pool. Call either this or nema_vg_init to allocate the stencil buffer to the default memory pool (**NEMA_MEM_POOL_FB**) or **nema_vg_init_stencil_prealloc** to provide the stencil buffer.

void nema_vg_init_stencil_prealloc(int width, int height, nema_buffer_t stencil_bo)

Initializes NemaVG library without allocating the stencil buffer which is provided by the user. Call either this or **nema_vg_init** to allocate the stencil buffer to the default memory pool (**NEMA_MEM_POOL_FB**) or **nema_vg_init_stencil_pool** to allocate the stencil buffer to a different memory pool.

```
void nema_vg_reinit(void)
```

Reinitialize NemaVG library after a GPU power off.

```
void nema_vg_deinit(void)
```

Deinitialize NemaVG library. Free memory from implicitly allocated objects (stencil buffer if created inside the library, lut buffer and tsvgs' path, paint and gradient buffers)

```
void nema_vg_thread_init(void)
```

Initialize NemaVG library for a new thread. Must be called for every new thread that is used.

```
void nema_vg_bind_stencil(int width, int height)
```

Binds and allocate the stencil buffer in the default memory pool (**NEMA_MEM_POOL_FB**). Use this if the framebuffer size changes during the application and different stencil is needed. If the previous stencil was allocated by the library by calling **nema_vg_init** or **nema_vg_init_stencil_pool** it will be destroyed at this call.

```
void nema_vg_bind_stencil_pool(int width, int height, int pool)
```

Binds and allocate the stencil buffer in a specific memory pool. Use this if the framebuffer size changes during the application and different stencil is needed. If the previous stencil was allocated by the library by calling **nema_vg_init** or **nema_vg_init_stencil_pool** it will be destroyed at this call.

```
void nema_vg_bind_stencil_prealloc(int width, int height,
nema_buffer_t stencil_bo)
```

Binds the stencil buffer which is provided by the user. Use this if the framebuffer size changes during the application and different stencil is needed. If the previous stencil was allocated by the library by calling **nema_vg_init** or **nema_vg_init_stencil_pool** it will be destroyed at this call.

```
uint32_t nema_vg_draw_path(NEMA_VG_PATH_HANDLE path,
NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint)
```

Draw a path using a specified paint object.

```
uint32_t nema_vg_draw_line(float x1, float y1, float x2, float y2,
nema_matrix3x3_t m, NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint)
```

Draw a line shape.

```
uint32_t nema_vg_draw_rect(float x, float y, float width, float
height, nema_matrix3x3_t m, NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint)
```

Draw a rectangle shape.

```
uint32_t nema_vg_draw_rounded_rect(float x, float y, float width,
float height, float rx, float ry, nema_matrix3x3_t m,
NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint)
```

Draw a rounded rectangle shape.

```
uint32_t nema_vg_draw_ellipse(float cx, float cy, float rx, float
ry, nema_matrix3x3_t m, NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint)
```

Draw a ellipse shape.

```
uint32_t nema_vg_draw_circle(float cx, float cy, float r,
nema_matrix3x3_t m, NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint)
```

Draw a circle shape.

```
uint32_t nema_vg_draw_ring(float cx, float cy, float ring_radius,
float angle_start, float angle_end, NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint)
```

Draw a filled ring shape. The caps follow what cap style is set in **nema_vg_set_cap_style**. In case of a conical gradient paint type, the conical gradient center should be at the center of the ring (cx, cy). In other case, where the two centers do not match, the ring should be drawn with **NEMA_VG_QUALITY_MAXIMUM**. The ring width can be set with the paint's **stroke_width**.

```
void nema_vg_get_coord_limits(float *min_coord, float *max_coord)
```

Returns the minimum and maximum values for the coordinates after applying the transformation (if any) that can be handled by the underlying hardware. Note that the values before transformation must be within range (-32,767, 32.676) for the hardware to be able to process them.

```
void nema_vg_tsvg_disable_feature(uint32_t feature)
```

Disables tsvg features from rendering. Should be set before **nema_vg_draw_tsvg()**.

```
uint32_t nema_vg_verify_path(NEMA_VG_PATH_HANDLE path)
```

Verify if path's coordinates contain NaN coordinates. It uses the property of NaN numbers that f != f. Note that when compiling with optimization flags such as -ffast-math, the compiler might optimize the above condition and thus this function will not report NaN coordinates.

Detailed Description

Core NemaVG API drawing and initialization functions.

4.1.1.2 Function Documentation

```
void nema_vg_bind_stencil (  int width,  int height )
```

Binds and allocate the stencil buffer in the default memory pool (**NEMA_MEM_POOL_FB**). Use this if the framebuffer size changes during the application and different stencil is needed. If the previous stencil was allocated by the library by calling **nema_vg_init** or **nema_vg_init_stencil_pool** it will be destroyed at this call.

Parameter	Description
width	Stencil buffer width - Must be the first multiple of 4 or that is equal to or greater than framebuffer width
height	Stencil buffer height - Must be the first multiple of 4 or that is equal to or greater than framebuffer height

```
void nema_vg_bind_stencil_pool (  int width,  int height,  int pool )
```

Binds and allocate the stencil buffer in a specific memory pool. Use this if the framebuffer size changes during the application and different stencil is needed. If the previous stencil was allocated by the library by calling **nema_vg_init** or **nema_vg_init_stencil_pool** it will be destroyed at this call.

Parameter	Description
width	Stencil buffer width - Must be the first multiple of 4 or that is equal to or greater than framebuffer width
height	Stencil buffer height - Must be the first multiple of 4 or that is equal to or greater than framebuffer height
pool	Memory pool for allocating the stencil buffer (memory pools are platform specific and defined in **nema_sys_defs.h** file)

```
void nema_vg_bind_stencil_prealloc (  int width,  int height,
nema_buffer_t stencil_bo )
```

Binds the stencil buffer which is provided by the user. Use this if the framebuffer size changes during the application and different stencil is needed. If the previous stencil was allocated by the library by calling **nema_vg_init** or **nema_vg_init_stencil_pool** it will be destroyed at this call.

Parameter	Description
width	Stencil buffer width - Must be the first multiple of 4 or that is equal to or greater than framebuffer width
height	Stencil buffer height - Must be the first multiple of 4 or that is equal to or greater than framebuffer height
stencil_bo	stencil buffer

```
uint32_t nema_vg_draw_circle (  float cx,  float cy,  float r,
nema_matrix3x3_t m,  NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint )
```

Draw a circle shape.

Parameter	Description
cx	The x center of the circle
cy	The y center of the circle
r	Radius of the circle
m	3x3 affine transformation matrix
paint	The paint to draw

Return

Error code. See **NEMA_VG_ERR**_* defines in **nema_vg_context.h** header file for the error codes.

```
uint32_t nema_vg_draw_ellipse (  float cx,  float cy,  float rx,
float ry, nema_matrix3x3_t m,  NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint )
```

Draw a ellipse shape.

Parameter	Description
cx	The x position of the ellipse
cy	The y position of the ellipse
rx	Radius on the x axis
ry	Radius on the y axis
m	3x3 affine transformation matrix
paint	The paint to draw

Return

Error code. See **NEMA_VG_ERR**_* defines in **nema_vg_context.h** header file for the error codes.

```
uint32_t nema_vg_draw_line ( float x1, float y1, float x2, float
y2, nema_matrix3x3_t m, NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint )
```

Draw a line shape.

Parameter	Description
x1	Upper left x coordinate
y1	Upper left y coordinate
x2	The width
y2	The height
m	3x3 affine transformation matrix
paint	The paint to draw

Return

Error code. See **NEMA_VG_ERR**_* defines in **nema_vg_context.h** header file for the error codes.

```
uint32_t nema_vg_draw_path ( NEMA_VG_PATH_HANDLE path,
NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint )
```

Draw a path using a specified paint object.

Parameter	Description
path	Pointer (handle) to the path that will be drawn
paint	Pointer (handle) to the paint object that will be used for drawing

Return

Error code. See **NEMA_VG_ERR**_* defines in **nema_vg_context.h** header file for the error codes.

```
uint32_t nema_vg_draw_rect ( float x, float y, float width, float
height, nema_matrix3x3_t m, NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint )
```

Draw a rectangle shape.

Parameter	Description
x	Upper left x coordinate
y	Upper left y coordinate
width	The width
height	The height
m	3x3 affine transformation matrix
paint	The paint to draw

Return

Error code

```
uint32_t nema_vg_draw_ring ( float cx, float cy, float ring_ra-
dius, float angle_start, float angle_end, NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE
paint )
```

Draw a filled ring shape. The caps follow what cap style is set in **nema_vg_set_cap_style**. In case of a conical gradient paint type, the conical gradient center should be at the center of the ring (cx, cy). In other case, where the two centers do not match, the ring should be drawn with **NEMA_VG_QUALITY_MAXIMUM**. The ring width can be set with the paint's **stroke_width**.

Parameter	Description
cx	The center x coordinate of the ring
cy	The center y coordinate of the ring
ring_radius	The radius of the ring
angle_start	The angle in degrees of the ring
angle_end	The angle in degrees that ends this ring
paint	The paint to draw

Return

Error code. See **NEMA_VG_ERR**_* defines in **nema_vg_context.h** header file for the error codes.

```
uint32_t nema_vg_draw_rounded_rect ( float x, float y, float
width, float height, float rx, float ry, nema_matrix3x3_t m,
NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint )
```

Draw a rounded rectangle shape.

Parameter	Description
x	Upper left x coordinate
y	Upper left y coordinate
width	The width
height	The height
rx	Horizontal cornel radius
ry	Vertical cornel radius
m	3x3 affine transformation matrix
paint	The paint to draw

Return

Error code. See **NEMA_VG_ERR**_* defines in **nema_vg_context.h** header file for the error codes.

```
void nema_vg_get_coord_limits (  float * min_coord,  float * max_coord )
```

Returns the minimum and maximum values for the coordinates after applying the transformation (if any) that can be handled by the underlying hardware. Note that the values before transformation must be within range (-32,767, 32.676) for the hardware to be able to process them.

Parameter	Description
min_coord	Minimum coordinate (x or y) value (pointer)
max_coord	Maximum coordinate (x or y) value (pointer)

```
void nema_vg_init (  int width,  int height )
```

Initializes NemaVG library and allocates the stencil buffer to the default memory pool (**NEMA_MEM_POOL_FB**) Call either this or **nema_vg_init_stencil_pool** to allocate the stencil buffer to a different memory pool or **nema_vg_init_stencil_prealloc** to provide the stencil buffer.

Parameter	Description
width	Stencil buffer width - Must be the first multiple of 4 that is equal to or greater than framebuffer width
height	Stencil buffer height - Must be the first multiple of 4 that is equal to or greater than framebuffer height

```
void nema_vg_init_stencil_pool ( int width, int height, int pool )
```

Initializes NemaVG library and allocate the stencil buffer in a specific memory pool. Call either this or **nema_vg_init** to allocate the stencil buffer to the default memory pool (**NEMA_MEM_POOL_FB**) or **nema_vg_init_stencil_prealloc** to provide the stencil buffer.

Parameter	Description
width	Stencil buffer width - Must be the first multiple of 4 that is equal to or greater than framebuffer width
height	Stencil buffer height - Must be the first multiple of 4 or that is equal to or greater than framebuffer height
pool	Memory pool for allocating the stencil buffer (memory pools are platform specific and defined in nema_sys_defs.h file)

```
void nema_vg_init_stencil_prealloc ( int width, int height,
nema_buffer_t stencil_bo )
```

Initializes NemaVG library without allocating the stencil buffer which is provided by the user. Call either this or **nema_vg_init** to allocate the stencil buffer to the default memory pool (**NEMA_MEM_POOL_FB**) or **nema_vg_init_stencil_pool** to allocate the stencil buffer to a different memory pool.

Parameter	Description
width	Stencil buffer width - Must be the first multiple of 4 that is equal to or greater than framebuffer width
height	Stencil buffer height - Must be the first multiple of 4 or that is equal to or greater than framebuffer height
stencil_bo	stencil buffer

```
void nema_vg_tsvg_disable_feature ( uint32_t feature )
```

Disables **tsvg** features from rendering. Should be set before **nema_vg_draw_tsvg()**.

Parameter	Description
feature	feature to be disabled

```
uint32_t nema_vg_verify_path (  NEMA_VG_PATH_HANDLE path )
```

Verify if path's coordinates contain NaN coordinates. It uses the property of NaN numbers that f != f. Note that when compiling with optimization flags such as -ffast-math, the compiler might optimize the above condition and thus this function will not report NaN coordinates.

Parameter	Description
path	Pointer (handle) to the path

Return

NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_ARGUMENTS if any of the coordinates is NaN otherwise returns **NEMA_VG_ERR_NO_ERROR**.

4.1.2 nema_vg_context.h

NemaVG Context interface.

```
#include "nema_graphics.h"
#include "nema_matrix3x3.h"
```

Macros

```
#define NEMA_VG_HANDLE void*
#define NEMA_VG_PATH_HANDLE NEMA_VG_HANDLE
#define NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE NEMA_VG_HANDLE
#define NEMA_VG_GRAD_HANDLE NEMA_VG_HANDLE
#define NEMA_VG_ERR_NO_ERROR (0x00000000U)
#define NEMA_VG_ERR_BAD_HANDLE (0x00000001U)
#define NEMA_VG_ERR_BAD_BUFFER (0x00000002U)
#define NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_FILL_RULE (0x00000004U)
#define NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_PAINT_TYPE (0x00000008U)
#define NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_VERTEX_DATA (0x00000010U)
#define NEMA_VG_ERR_NO_RADIAL_ENABLED (0x00000020U)
#define NEMA_VG_ERR_NO_BOUND_CL (0x00000040U)
#define NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_ARGUMENTS (0x00000080U)
#define NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_ARC_DATA (0x00000100U)
#define NEMA_VG_ERR_CL_FULL (0x00000200U)
#define NEMA_VG_ERR_DRAW_OUT_OF_BOUNDS (0x00000400U)
#define NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_MASKING_OBJ (0x00000800U)
#define NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_MASKING_FORMAT (0x00001000U)
#define NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_LUT_IDX_FORMAT (0x00002000U)
#define NEMA_VG_ERR_COORDS_OUT_OF_RANGE (0x00004000U)
#define NEMA_VG_ERR_EMPTY_TSVG (0x00008000U)
#define NEMA_VG_ERR_NO_BOUND_FONT (0x00010000U)
```

```
#define NEMA_VG_ERR_UNSUPPORTED_FONT (0x00020000U)
#define NEMA_VG_ERR_NON_INVERTIBLE_MATRIX (0x00040000U)
#define NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_GRAD_STOPS (0x00080000U)
#define NEMA_VG_ERR_NO_INIT (0x00100000U)
#define NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_STROKE_WIDTH (0x00200000U)
#define NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_OPACITY (0x00400000U)
#define NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_CAP_STYLE (0x00800000U)
#define NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_JOIN_STYLE (0x01000000U)
#define NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_STENCIL_SIZE (0x02000000U)
#define NEMA_VG_ERR_DEPRECATED_FONT (0x04000000U)
#define NEMA_VG_FILL_DRAW (0x00U)
#define NEMA_VG_STROKE (0x00U)
#define NEMA_VG_FILL_EVEN_ODD (0x01U)
#define NEMA_VG_FILL_NON_ZERO (0x02U)
#define NEMA_VG_QUALITY_BETTER (0x00U)
#define NEMA_VG_QUALITY_FASTER (0x01U)
#define NEMA_VG_QUALITY_MAXIMUM (0x02U)
#define NEMA_VG_QUALITY_NON_AA (0x10U)
#define NEMA_VG_CAP_BUTT (0x00U)
#define NEMA_VG_CAP_ROUND (0x01U)
#define NEMA_VG_CAP_SQUARE (0x02U)
#define NEMA_VG_CAP_MAX (0x03U)
#define NEMA_VG_JOIN_BEVEL (0x00U)
#define NEMA_VG_JOIN_MITER (0x01U)
#define NEMA_VG_JOIN_ROUND (0x02U)
#define NEMA_VG_JOIN_MAX (0x03U)
#define NEMA_VG_TSVG_DISABLE_NONE (0x00000000U)
#define NEMA_VG_TSVG_DISABLE_CAPS (0x00000001U)
#define NEMA_VG_TSVG_DISABLE_JOINS (0x00000002U)
#define NEMA_VG_TSVG_DISABLE_DASHING (0x00000003U)
```

Typedefs

typedef float nema_vg_float_t typedef float nema_vg_float_t

More...

4.1.2.1 Functions

```
uint32_t nema_vg_set_global_matrix(nema_matrix3x3_t m)
```

Set the global transformation matrix. Global matrix will be applied in all NemaVG rendering operations that will follow.

```
void nema_vg_reset_global_matrix(void)
```

Disable the global transformation matrix.

```
void nema_vg_set_fill_rule(uint8_t fill_rule)
```

Set the fill rule that will be applied when rendering a path.

```
void nema_vg_stroke_set_width(float width)
```

Set the stroke width that will be applied when stroking a path.

```
void nema_vg_stroke_set_cap_style(uint8_t start_cap_style,
uint8_t end_cap_style)
```

Set stroke cap style.

```
void nema_vg_stroke_set_join_style(uint8_t join_style)
```

Set stroke join style.

```
void nema_vg_stroke_set_miter_limit(float miter_limit)
```

Set stroke miter limit If miter join is chosen and miter length is bigger than the product of miter limit and stroke width a bevel join will be added instead.

```
void nema_vg_stroke_set_dash_pattern(const float *dash_pattern,
size_t dash_pattern_size)
```

Set dash pattern. Dashing is enabled when dash size array is bigger than zero. Dash pattern consists of an array of floats that alternate the on and off phase of the dash segments. The first value indicates the first on segment, the second value indicates the first off segment and each subsequent pair indicates the next on-off pair. The dash array size should always be an even number. If odd dash array size is provided, the last element is ignored by the library. Segments of zero length are allowed and only the caps will be drawn on those segments if they are either **NEMA_VG_CAP_ROUND** or **NEMA_VG_CAP_SQUARE**. If **NEMA_VG_CAP_BUTT** cap is selected nothing will be drawn.

```
void nema_vg_stroke_set_dash_phase(float dash_phase)
```

Set dash phase. Indicates the length of the dash pattern that is discarded the first time a subpath is processed. After the dash phase is reached the subsequent path is stroked according to the dash pattern. A negative dash phase is equivalent to the positive dash phase calculated by adding a suitable multiple of the dash pattern length.

```
void nema_vg_stroke_reset_dash_phase(uint8_t enable)
```

Enable/Disable dash phase reseting.

```
void nema_vg_masking(uint8_t masking)
```

Enable/Disable Masking.

```
uint32_t nema_vg_set_mask(nema_img_obj_t *mask_obj)
```

Set the mask object (texture)

`void nema_vg_set_mask_translation(float x, float y)`

Translate the mask object (texture) with respect to origin point (0, 0). Sets the position of the mask object.

`void nema_vg_set_quality(uint8_t quality)`

Set the rendering quality.

`void nema_vg_set_blend(uint32_t blend)`

Set the blending mode for VG operations (see **nema_blender.h** documentation in *Nema GFX API Manual*) Additional Blending Operations: only **NEMA_BLOP_SRC_PREMULT** is supported.

`uint32_t nema_vg_get_error(void)`

Get the current error code. Clears the error afterwards.

`void nema_vg_handle_large_coords(uint8_t enable, uint8_t allow_internal_alloc)`

Enable/disable large coordinates handling when rendering a TSVG, a path or a predefined shape.

`uint32_t nema_vg_bind_clip_coords_buffer(void *segs, uint32_t segs_size, void *data, uint32_t data_size)`

Bind segment and data buffers to be used for handling large coordinates.

`void nema_vg_unbind_clip_coords_buf(void)`

Unbind segment and data buffers to be used for handling large coordinates.

4.1.2.2 Detailed Description

NemaVG Context interface.

Contains NemaVG error codes, fill rules, rendering quality defines and functions for updating various rendering parameters. The functions defined here can be used to access the context parameters. The Context is an internal (opaque) struct of NemaVG.

4.1.2.3 Macro Definition Documentation

`#define NEMA_VG_CAP_BUTT`

Butt cap

`#define NEMA_VG_CAP_MAX`

Max value for cap

#define NEMA_VG_CAP_ROUND

Round cap

#define NEMA_VG_CAP_SQUARE

Square cap

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_BAD_BUFFER

Bad buffer

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_BAD_HANDLE

Bad handle

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_CL_FULL

reserved

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_COORDS_OUT_OF_RANGE

Path coordinates out of supported range

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_DEPRECATED_FONT

The font version is an old one, but it is still compatible with NemaVG API

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_DRAW_OUT_OF_BOUNDS

Path is out of the drawing area

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_EMPTY_TSVG

Tsvg has no geometries

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_ARC_DATA

reserved

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_ARGUMENTS

Invalid arguments

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_CAP_STYLE

Invalid cap style

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_FILL_RULE

Invalid fill rule

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_GRAD_STOPS

Gradient stops exceed maximum available stops

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_JOIN_STYLE

Invalid join style

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_LUT_IDX_FORMAT

Invalid LUT indices object Format

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_MASKING_FORMAT

Invalid Masking object Format

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_MASKING_OBJ

Masking object was not set

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_OPACITY

Invalid opacity

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_PAINT_TYPE

Invalid paint type

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_STENCIL_SIZE

Invalid stencil buffer size

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_STROKE_WIDTH

Invalid stroke width

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_VERTEX_DATA

Invalid vertex data

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_NON_INVERTIBLE_MATRIX

A matrix that needs to be inverted, is not invertible

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_NO_BOUND_CL

No bound CL

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_NO_BOUND_FONT

There is no bound font

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_NO_ERROR

No Error

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_NO_INIT

VG uninitialized

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_NO_RADIAL_ENABLED

Radial not present in HW

#define NEMA_VG_ERR_UNSUPPORTED_FONT

The font is not supported (eg. older version) by NemaVG API

#define NEMA_VG_FILL_DRAW

DEPRECATED Stroke fill rule

#define NEMA_VG_FILL_EVEN_ODD

Even odd fill rule

#define NEMA_VG_FILL_NON_ZERO

Non zero fill rule

#define NEMA_VG_GRAD_HANDLE

NemaVG gradient handle (pointer to gradient object)

#define NEMA_VG_HANDLE

NemaVG handle object (void pointer)

#define NEMA_VG_JOIN_BEVEL

Bevel join

#define NEMA_VG_JOIN_MAX

Max for join

#define NEMA_VG_JOIN_MITER

Mitter join

#define NEMA_VG_JOIN_ROUND

Round join

#define NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE

NemaVG paint handle (pointer to paint object)

#define NEMA_VG_PATH_HANDLE

NemaVG path handle (pointer to path object)

#define NEMA_VG_QUALITY_BETTER

Better rendering quality (default option, balances rendering quality and performance)

#define NEMA_VG_QUALITY_FASTER

Faster rendering quality (favors performance over rendering quality)

#define NEMA_VG_QUALITY_MAXIMUM

Maximum rendering quality (favors rendering quality over performance)

#define NEMA_VG_QUALITY_NON_AA

Rendering quality without AA

#define NEMA_VG_STROKE

Stroke fill rule

#define NEMA_VG_TSVG_DISABLE_CAPS

Disable caps

#define NEMA_VG_TSVG_DISABLE_DASHING

Disable dashing

#define NEMA_VG_TSVG_DISABLE_JOINS

Disable joins

#define NEMA_VG_TSVG_DISABLE_NONE

Disable none

Typedef Documentation

typedef float **nema_vg_float_t**

Floating point data type (default is 'float')

4.1.2.4 Function Documentation

uint32_t nema_vg_bind_clip_coords_buffer (void * segs, uint32_t segs_size, void * data, uint32_t data_size)

Bind segment and data buffers to be used for handling large coordinates.

Parameter	Description
segs	Pointer to segment array(uint8_t) for large coordinates
segs_size	Segment array size
data	Pointer to data array(float) for large coordinates
data_size	Data array size

uint32_t nema_vg_get_error (void)

Get the current error code. Clears the error afterwards.

Return

Error code. See NEMA_VG_ERR_* defines for all the possible error codes.

void nema_vg_handle_large_coords (uint8_t enable, uint8_t allow_internal_alloc)

Enable/disable large coordinates handling when rendering a TSVG, a path or a predefined shape.

Parameter	Description
enable	0 to disable, 1 to enable
allow_internal_alloc	0 to not allow internal allocation, 1 to allow

```
void nema_vg_masking (  uint8_t masking )
```

Enable/Disable Masking.

Parameter	Description
masking	1 to enable, 0 to disable

`void nema_vg_set_blend (  uint32_t blend )`

Set the blending mode for VG operations (see **nema_blender.h** documentation in NemaGFX API Manual) Additional Blending Operations: only **NEMA_BLOP_SRC_PREMULT** is supported.

Parameter	Description
blend	Blending mode

See also **nema_blending_mode()**.

`void nema_vg_set_fill_rule (  uint8_t fill_rule )`

Set the fill rule that will be applied when rendering a path.

Parameter	Description
fill_rule	fill rule (NEMA_VG_STROKE, NEMA_VG_-FILL_EVEN_ODD, NEMA_VG_FILL_NON_ZERO)

`uint32_t nema_vg_set_global_matrix (  nema_matrix3x3_t m )`

Set the global transformation matrix. Global matrix will be applied in all NemaVG rendering operations that will follow.

Parameter	Description
m	transformation matrix

Return

Error code

`uint32_t nema_vg_set_mask (  nema_img_obj_t * mask_obj )`

Set the mask object (texture)

Parameter	Description
mask_obj	Texture to be used as mask. Its format must be NEMA_A1, NEMA_A2, NEMA_A4 or Nema_A8, otherwise it will return an error.

Return

Error code. If no error occurs, **NEMA_VG_ERR_NO_ERROR** otherwise **NEMA_VG_ERR_INVALID_MASKING_FORMAT**.

```
void nema_vg_set_mask_translation (  float x,  float y )
```

Translate the mask object (texture) with respect to origin point (0, 0). Sets the position of the mask object.

Parameter	Description
x	Horizontal position to place the mask object
y	Horizontal position to place the mask object

```
void nema_vg_set_quality (  uint8_t quality )
```

Set the rendering quality.

Parameter	Description
quality	level (NEMA_VG_QUALITY_BETTER, NEMA_VG_QUALITY_FASTER, NEMA_VG_QUALITY_MAXIMUM, NEMA_VG_QUALITY_NON_AA)

```
void nema_vg_stroke_reset_dash_phase (  uint8_t enable )
```

Enable/Disable dash phase reseting.

Parameter	Description
enable	boolean parameter to enable/disable the resetting of the dash phase. When this feature is enabled the dash phase specified is used at the beggining of each subpath of the original path otherwise what is left of the dash phase at the end of the subpath is used for the next subpath. Default value is false.

```
void nema_vg_stroke_set_cap_style (  uint8_t start_cap_style,
uint8_t end_cap_style )
```

Set stroke cap style.

Parameter	Description
cap_style	Cap style (NEMA_VG_CAP_BUTT | NEMA_VG_-CAP_SQUARE | NEMA_VG_CAP_ROUND)

```
void nema_vg_stroke_set_dash_pattern (  const float * dash_pattern,
size_t dash_pattern_size )
```

Set dash patern. Dashing is enabled when dash size array is bigger than zero. Dash pattern consists of an array of floats that alternate the on and off phase of the dash segments. The first value indicates the first on segment, the second value indicates the first off segment and each subsequent pair indicates the next on-off pair. The dash array size should always be an even number. If odd dash array size is provided, the last element is ignored by the library. Segments of zero length are allowed and only the caps will be drawn on those segments if they are either **NEMA_VG_CAP_ROUND** or **NEMA_VG_CAP_SQUARE**. If **NEMA_VG_CAP_BUTT** cap is selected nothing will be drawn.

Parameter	Description
dash_pattern	pointer to dash pattern array
dash_pattern_size	dash phase array size

```
void nema_vg_stroke_set_dash_phase (  float dash_phase )
```

Set dash phase. Indicates the length of the dash pattern that is discarded the first time a subpath is processed. After the dash phase is reached the subsequent path is stroked according to the dash pattern. A negative dash phase is equivalent to the positive dash phase calculated by adding a suitable multiple of the dash pattern length.

Parameter	Description
dash_phase	dash phase

```
void nema_vg_stroke_set_join_style (  uint8_t join_style )
```

Set stroke join style.

Parameter	Description
join_style	Join style (NEMA_VG_JOIN_BEVEL | NEMA_VG_JOIN_MITER | NEMA_VG_JOIN_ROUND)

```
void nema_vg_stroke_set_miter_limit (  float miter_limit )
```

Set stroke miter limit If miter join is chosen and miter length is bigger than the product of miter limit and stroke width a bevel join will be added instead.

Parameter	Description
miter_limit	miter join limit to be set

```
void nema_vg_stroke_set_width (  float width )
```

Set the stroke width that will be applied when stroking a path.

Parameter	Description
width	Stroke width to be set

4.1.3 nema_vg_font.h

Vector font rendering.

```
#include "nema_matrix3x3.h"
#include "nema_vg.h"
#include "nema_vg_context.h"
#include "nema_font.h"
```

Data Structures

```
struct nema_vg_kern_pair_t
```
More...

```
struct nema_vg_glyph_t
```
More...

```
struct nema_vg_font_range_t
```
More...

```
struct nema_vg_font_t
```
More...

Macros

```
#define NEMA_VG_ALIGNX_LEFT (0x00U)
#define NEMA_VG_ALIGNX_RIGHT (0x01U)
#define NEMA_VG_ALIGNX_CENTER (0x02U)
#define NEMA_VG_ALIGNX_JUSTIFY (0x03U)
#define NEMA_VG_ALIGNX_MASK (0x03U)
#define NEMA_VG_ALIGNY_TOP (0x00U)
#define NEMA_VG_ALIGNY_BOTTOM (0x04U)
```

```
#define NEMA_VG_ALIGNY_CENTER (0x08U)
#define NEMA_VG_ALIGNY_JUSTIFY (0x0cU)
#define NEMA_VG_ALIGNY_MASK (0x0cU)
#define NEMA_VG_TEXT_WRAP (0x10U)
#define NEMA_VG_CHAR_LTR (0x00U)
#define NEMA_VG_CHAR_RTL (0x01U)
#define NEMA_VG_CHAR_TTB (0x00U)
#define NEMA_VG_CHAR_BTT (0x02U)
```

4.1.3.1 Functions

`void nema_vg_bind_font(nema_vg_font_t *font)`

Bind the font to use in future **nema_vg_print()** calls. Sets error code if font is not supported.

`void nema_vg_set_font_size(float size)`

Sets the size of the bound font. Future **nema_vg_print()** and **nema_vg_print_char()** calls will print using the last set size.

`void nema_vg_print(NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint, const char *str, float x, float y, float w, float h, uint32_t align, nema_matrix-3x3_t m)`

Print pre-formatted text.

`int nema_vg_string_get_bbox(const char *str, float *w, float *h, float max_w, uint32_t wrap)`

Get the bounding box's width and height of a vector string. Prior to calling this function, "**nema_vg_set_font_size**" must be called first.

`int nema_vg_get_ascender_pt(void)`

Get the text ascender value in point units. Font size must be set pror to calling this function.

`float nema_vg_print_char(NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint, char ch, float x, float y, nema_matrix3x3_t m, uint32_t orientation)`

Print a single character.

`nema_font_t* nema_vg_generate_raster_font(int size, int pool)`

Generates a raster font from a vector font.

`void nema_vg_destroy_raster_font(nema_font_t *font)`

Frees the memory that was allocated for a font data struct.

4.1.3.2 Detailed Description

Vector font rendering.

This file includes the necessary structs and functions that are used for rendering text (strings and single characters), using vector fonts. The accompanying vector font converter utility, converts truetype fonts (ttf files) to instances of the structs defined here. A use case of this module is included in the respective examples (**examples/NemaVG/render_vg_font**).

4.1.3.3 Macro Definition Documentation

#define NEMA_VG_ALIGNX_CENTER

Align horizontally centered

#define NEMA_VG_ALIGNX_JUSTIFY

Justify horizontally

#define NEMA_VG_ALIGNX_LEFT

Align horizontally to the left

#define NEMA_VG_ALIGNX_MASK

Horizontal alignment mask

#define NEMA_VG_ALIGNX_RIGHT

Align horizontally to the right

#define NEMA_VG_ALIGNY_BOTTOM

Align vertically to the bottom

#define NEMA_VG_ALIGNY_CENTER

Align vertically centered

#define NEMA_VG_ALIGNY_JUSTIFY

Justify vertically

#define NEMA_VG_ALIGNY_MASK

Vertical alignment mask

#define NEMA_VG_ALIGNY_TOP

Align vertically to the top

#define NEMA_VG_CHAR_BTT

Character follows bottom to top orientation

#define NEMA_VG_CHAR_LTR

Character follows left to right orientation

#define NEMA_VG_CHAR_RTL

Character follows right to left orientation

#define NEMA_VG_CHAR_TTB

Character follows top to bottom orientation

#define NEMA_VG_TEXT_WRAP

Use text wrapping

4.1.3.4 Function Documentation

void nema_vg_bind_font (nema_vg_font_t * font)

Bind the font to use in future **nema_vg_print()** calls. Sets error code if font is not supported.

Parameter	Description
font	Pointer to the vector font

void nema_vg_destroy_raster_font (nema_font_t * font)

Frees the memory that was allocated for a font data struct.

This function frees memory that was allocated at runtime. Input must be a font data struct that was generated by the "**nema_vg_generate_raster_font**" function.

Parameter	Description
font	Pointer to the raster font data struct that will be erased from the memory

nema_font_t * nema_vg_generate_raster_font (int size, int pool)

Generates a raster font from a vector font.

Creates an 8-bpp raster version of the bound vector font. Performs dynamic memory allocation in the graphics memory (for the font bitmaps) and in the heap (for the data structs accessed by the CPU). When the font is no longer needed, function "**nema_vg_destroy_raster_font()**" can be used to free the allocated memory. The font generation may fail when there is not enough memory to generate the font or when the font size is greater than the height of the framebuffer.

Parameter	Description
size	The size of the font that will be generated
pool	Memory pool to store the font bitmaps

Return

Pointer to the data struct of generated raster font. If the font was not generated (due to insufficient memory) it returns NULL.

```
int nema_vg_get_ascender_pt (  void )
```

Get the text ascender value in point units. Font size must be set pror to calling this function.

Return

Ascender pt

```
void nema_vg_print (  NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint,  const char * str,
float x,  float y,  float w,  float h,  uint32_t align,
nema_matrix3x3_t m )
```

Print pre-formatted text.

Parameter	Description
paint	Pointer to the current paint object (contains the text color)
str	Pointer to string
x	X coordinate of text-area's top-left corner
y	Y coordinate of text-area's top-left corner
w	Max allowed width
h	Max allowed height
align	Alignment and wrapping mode
m	Transformation matrix

```
float nema_vg_print_char (  NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint,  char ch,
float x, float y,  nema_matrix3x3_t m,  uint32_t orientation )
```

Print a single character.

The position of the character is determined by the 'orientation' argument. x and y arguments define a point on the baseline. If the orientation is left to right (LTR), the character will be placed to the right of the (x, y) point. Right to left (RTL) will place the character to the left of the (x, y) point. Top to bottom (TTB) will have the same

effect as RTL and bottom to top (BTT) will place the character higher than the (x, y) point by an offset equal to the font height.

Parameter	Description
paint	Pointer to the current paint object (contains the text color)
ch	Character to be printed
x	X coordinate of character's top-left or top-right corner (controlled by the 'orientation' parameter)
y	Y coordinate of character's top-left or bottom-left corner (controlled by the 'orientation' parameter)
m	Transformation matrix
orientation	Character orientation (see NEMA_VG_CHAR_* defines)

Return

Character width in pixels

```
void nema_vg_set_font_size (  float size )
```

Sets the size of the bound font. Future **nema_vg_print()** and **nema_vg_print_char()** calls will print using the last set size.

Parameter	Description
font	Pointer to the vector font

```
int nema_vg_string_get_bbox (  const char * str,  float * w,  float *
h,  float max_w,  uint32_t wrap )
```

Get the bounding box's width and height of a vector string. Prior to calling this function, "**nema_vg_set_font_size**" must be called first.

Parameter	Description
str	Pointer to string
w	Pointer to variable where width should be written
h	Pointer to variable where height should be written
max_w	Max allowed width
size	font size
wrap	enable text wraping

Return

Number of carriage returns

4.1.4 nema_vg_paint.h

Paint operation related fuctions. Paint is an internal (opaque) struct of NemaVG. The functions defined here can be used access its parameters.

```
#include "nema_interpolators.h"
#include "nema_matrix3x3.h"
#include "nema_vg_context.h"
#include "nema_graphics.h"
```

Macros

```
#define NEMA_VG_PAINT_COLOR (0x00U)
#define NEMA_VG_PAINT_FILL (0x00U)
#define NEMA_VG_PAINT_GRAD_LINEAR (0x01U)
#define NEMA_VG_PAINT_TEXTURE (0x02U)
#define NEMA_VG_PAINT_GRAD_RADIAL (0x03U)
#define NEMA_VG_PAINT_GRAD_CONICAL (0x04U)
#define NEMA_VG_PAINT_MAX_GRAD_STOPS (32)
```

4.1.4.1 Functions

```
NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE nema_vg_paint_create()
```

Create a paint object. void

```
nema_vg_paint_destroy(NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint)
```

Destroy a paint object.

```
void nema_vg_paint_clear(NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint)
```

Clear the parameters of a paint object.

```
void nema_vg_paint_set_type(NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint, uint8_t
type)
```

Set the paint type.

```
void nema_vg_paint_lock_tran_to_path(NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint,
int locked)
```

Lock paint transformation to path. If locked, path and paint transformation will be in sync.

```
void nema_vg_paint_set_grad_linear(NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint,
NEMA_VG_GRAD_HANDLE grad, float x0, float y0, float x1, float y1,
nema_tex_mode_t sampling_mode)
```

Set linear gradient to a paint object.

```
void nema_vg_paint_set_paint_color(NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint,
uint32_t rgba)
```

Set the paint color.

```
void nema_vg_paint_set_opacity(NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint, float
opacity)
```

Set the paint opacity.

```
void nema_vg_paint_set_tex_matrix(NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint,
nema_matrix3x3_t m)
```

Set transformation matrix for texture.

```
void nema_vg_paint_set_tex(NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint,
nema_img_obj_t *tex)
```

Set texture to paint object.

```
void nema_vg_paint_set_lut_tex(NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint,
nema_img_obj_t *lut_palette, nema_img_obj_t *lut_indices)
```

Set Lut-based (look-up-table) texture to paint object. See Nema Pixpresso User Manual regarding Lut formats.

```
void nema_vg_paint_set_grad_conical(NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint,
NEMA_VG_GRAD_HANDLE grad, float cx, float cy, nema_tex_mode_t
sampling_mode)
```

Set Conical gradient to paint object.

```
void nema_vg_paint_set_grad_radial(NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint,
NEMA_VG_GRAD_HANDLE grad, float x0, float y0, float r,
nema_tex_mode_t sampling_mode)
```

Set radial gradient to paint object.

```
void nema_vg_paint_set_grad_radial2(NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint,
NEMA_VG_GRAD_HANDLE grad, float x0, float y0, float rx, float ry,
nema_tex_mode_t sampling_mode)
```

Set radial gradient to paint object, with different horizontal and vertical radius.

```
NEMA_VG_GRAD_HANDLE nema_vg_grad_create(void)
```

Create gradient object.

```
void nema_vg_grad_destroy(NEMA_VG_GRAD_HANDLE grad)
```

Destroy gradient object.

```
void nema_vg_grad_set(NEMA_VG_GRAD_HANDLE grad, int stops_count,
float *stops, color_var_t *colors)
```

Set gradient parameters to a gradient object.

4.1.4.2 Detailed Description

Paint operation related fuctions. Paint is an internal (opaque) struct of NemaVG. The functions defined here can be used access its parameters.

4.1.4.3 Macro Definition Documentation

```
#define NEMA_VG_PAINT_COLOR
```

Fill with color

```
#define NEMA_VG_PAINT_FILL
```

Deprecated - Fill with color (same as NEMA_VG_PAINT_COLOR)

```
#define NEMA_VG_PAINT_GRAD_CONICAL
```

Fill with conical gradient

```
#define NEMA_VG_PAINT_GRAD_LINEAR
```

Fill with linear gradient

```
#define NEMA_VG_PAINT_GRAD_RADIAL
```

Fill with radial gradient

```
#define NEMA_VG_PAINT_MAX_GRAD_STOPS
```

Maximum gradient stops

```
#define NEMA_VG_PAINT_TEXTURE
```

Fill with texture

4.1.4.4 Function Documentation

NEMA_VG_GRAD_HANDLE nema_vg_grad_create (void)

Create gradient object.

Return

Handle (pointer) to the created gradient object

```
void nema_vg_grad_destroy (  NEMA_VG_GRAD_HANDLE grad )
```

Destroy gradient object.

Parameter	Description
grad	Pointer to the gradient object

```
void nema_vg_grad_set (  NEMA_VG_GRAD_HANDLE grad,  int stops_count,
float * stops,  color_var_t * colors )
```

Set gradient parameters to a gradient object.

Parameter	Description
grad	Pointer (handle) to gradient object
stops_count	Number of stop colors
stops	Pointer to stop colors coordinates
colors	Pointer to stop color values

```
void nema_vg_paint_clear (  NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint )
```

Clear the parameters of a paint object.

Parameter	Description
paint	Pointer (handle) to paint object

```
NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE nema_vg_paint_create
```

Create a paint object.

Return

Handle to the created paint object

```
void nema_vg_paint_destroy (  NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint )
```

Destroy a paint object.

Parameter	Description
paint	Handle to paint object that should be destroyed

```
void nema_vg_paint_lock_tran_to_path (  NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint,
int locked )
```

Lock paint transformation to path. If locked, path and paint transformation will be in sync.

Parameter	Description
paint	Pointer to paint object
locked	1 if locked (default), 0 if not locked

```
void nema_vg_paint_set_grad_conical ( NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint,
NEMA_VG_GRAD_HANDLE grad, float cx, float cy, nema_tex_mode_t
sampling_mode )
```

Set Conical gradient to paint object.

Parameter	Description
paint	Pointer (handle) to paint
grad	Pointer (handle) to gradient
cx	Conical gradient center point x coordinate
cy	Conical gradient center point y coordinate
sampling_mode	Sampling mode

```
void nema_vg_paint_set_grad_linear ( NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint,
NEMA_VG_GRAD_HANDLE grad, float x0, float y0, float x1, float y1,
nema_tex_mode_t sampling_mode )
```

Set linear gradient to a paint object.

Parameter	Description
paint	Pointer to paint object
grad	Pointer to gradient object
x0	Linear gradient start point x coordinate
y0	Linear gradient start point y coordinate
x1	Linear gradient end point x coordinate
y1	Linear gradient end point y coordinate
sampling_mode	Sampling mode. **NEMA_TEX_BORDER** defaults to **NEMA_TEX_CLAMP**

```
void nema_vg_paint_set_grad_radial ( NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint,
NEMA_VG_GRAD_HANDLE grad, float x0, float y0, float r,
nema_tex_mode_t sampling_mode )
```

Set radial gradient to paint object.

Parameter	Description
paint	Pointer (handle) to paint
grad	Pointer (handle) to gradient
x0	Radial gradient center point x coordinate
y0	Radial gradient center point y coordinate
r	Radial gradient radius
sampling_mode	Sampling mode

```
void nema_vg_paint_set_grad_radial2 ( NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint,
NEMA_VG_GRAD_HANDLE grad, float x0, float y0, float rx, float ry,
nema_tex_mode_t sampling_mode )
```

Set radial gradient to paint object, with different horizontal and vertical radius.

Parameter	Description
paint	Pointer (handle) to paint
grad	Pointer (handle) to gradient
x0	Radial gradient center point x coordinate
y0	Radial gradient center point y coordinate
rx	Radial gradient radius on x axis
ry	Radial gradient radius on y axis
sampling_mode	Sampling mode

```
void nema_vg_paint_set_lut_tex ( NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint,
nema_img_obj_t * lut_palette, nema_img_obj_t * lut_indices )
```

Set Lut-based (look-up-table) texture to paint object. See Nema Pixpresso User Manual regarding Lut formats.

Parameter	Description
paint	Pointer (handle) to paint object
lut_palette	Pointer to the Palette of the Lut image object
lut_indices	Pointer to the indices of the Lut image object

```
void nema_vg_paint_set_opacity ( NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint, float
opacity )
```

Set the paint opacity.

Parameter	Description
paint	Pointer (pointer) to paint object
opacity	Opacity to be set, 1 is fully opaque and 0 is fully transparent

```
void nema_vg_paint_set_paint_color (  NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint,
uint32_t rgba )
```

Set the paint color.

Parameter	Description
paint	Pointer (handle) to paint object
rgba	Color to be set, in rgba (hex 0xAABBGGRR) format

```
void nema_vg_paint_set_tex (  NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint,  nema_img_-
obj_t* tex )
```

Set texture to paint object.

Parameter	Description
paint	Pointer (handle) to paint
text	Pointer to texture image object

```
void nema_vg_paint_set_tex_matrix (  NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint,
nema_matrix3x3_t m )
```

Set transformation matrix for texture.

Parameter	Description
paint	Pointer (handle) to paint object
m	3x3 transformation matrix

```
void nema_vg_paint_set_type (  NEMA_VG_PAINT_HANDLE paint,  uint8_t
type )
```

Set the paint type.

Parameter	Description
paint	Pointer (handle) to paint
type	Paint type (NEMA_VG_PAINT_COLOR, NEMA_VG_PAINT_GRAD_LINEAR, NEMA_VG_PAINT_TEXTURE, NEMA_VG_PAINT_GRAD_RADIAL, NEMA_VG_PAINT_GRAD_CONICAL)

4.1.5 nema_vg_path.h

Path operation related fuctions.

```
#include "nema_interpolators.h"
#include "nema_matrix3x3.h"
#include "nema_sys_defs.h"
#include "nema_vg_context.h"
```

Macros

```
#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_CLOSE (0x00U)
#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_MOVE (0x01U)
#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_LINE (0x02U)
#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_HLINE (0x03U)
#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_VLINE (0x04U)
#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_QUAD (0x05U)
#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_CUBIC (0x06U)
#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_SQUAD (0x07U)
#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_SCUBIC (0x08U)
#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_ARC (0x09U)
#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_POLYGON (0x0AU)
#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_POLYLINE (0x0BU)
#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_MASK (0x0FU)
#define NEMA_VG_REL (0x10U)
#define NEMA_VG_ARC_LARGE (0x20U)
#define NEMA_VG_ARC_CW (0x40U)
#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_SCCWARC (NEMA_VG_PRIM_ARC )
#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_SCWARC (NEMA_VG_PRIM_ARC | NEMA_VG_ARC_CW )
#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_LCCWARC (NEMA_VG_PRIM_ARC |
NEMA_VG_ARC_LARGE)
```

```
#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_LCWARC (NEMA_VG_PRIM_ARC | NEMA_VG_ARC_CW
|NEMA_VG_ARC_LARGE)

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_MOVE_REL (NEMA_VG_PRIM_MOVE | NEMA_VG_REL)

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_LINE_REL (NEMA_VG_PRIM_LINE | NEMA_VG_REL)

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_HLINE_REL (NEMA_VG_PRIM_HLINE | NEMA_VG_REL)

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_VLINE_REL (NEMA_VG_PRIM_VLINE | NEMA_VG_REL)

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_QUAD_REL (NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_QUAD |
NEMA_VG_REL)

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_CUBIC_REL (NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_CUBIC
| NEMA_VG_REL)

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_SQUAD_REL (NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_SQUAD
| NEMA_VG_REL)

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_SCUBIC_REL (NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_SCU-
BIC | NEMA_VG_REL)

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_SCCWARC_REL (NEMA_VG_PRIM_SCCWARC |
NEMA_VG_REL)

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_SCWARC_REL (NEMA_VG_PRIM_SCWARC |
NEMA_VG_REL)

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_LCCWARC_REL (NEMA_VG_PRIM_LCCWARC |
NEMA_VG_REL)

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_LCWARC_REL (NEMA_VG_PRIM_LCWARC |
NEMA_VG_REL)

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_POLYGON_REL (NEMA_VG_PRIM_POLYGON |
NEMA_VG_REL)

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_POLYLINE_REL (NEMA_VG_PRIM_POLYLINE |
NEMA_VG_REL)
```

4.1.5.1 Functions

```
NEMA_VG_PATH_HANDLE nema_vg_path_create()
```

Create path.

```
void nema_vg_path_destroy(NEMA_VG_PATH_HANDLE path)
```

Destroy path.

```
void nema_vg_path_clear(NEMA_VG_PATH_HANDLE path)
```

Clear path.

```
void nema_vg_path_set_shape(NEMA_VG_PATH_HANDLE path, const
size_t seg_size, const uint8_t *seg, const size_t data_size, const
nema_vg_float_t *data)
```

Set path shape (vertex buffer)

void nema_vg_path_set_shape_and_bbox(NEMA_VG_PATH_HANDLE path, const size_t seg_size, const uint8_t *seg, const size_t data_size, const nema_vg_float_t *data, const nema_vg_float_t *bbox)

Set path shape (vertex buffer) and bounding box. Same functionality as **nema_vg_path_set_shape()** but **bbox** is given by user (reduces CPU utilization)

void nema_vg_path_set_matrix(NEMA_VG_PATH_HANDLE path, nema_matrix3x3_t m)

Set affine transformation matrix.

Detailed Description

Path operation related functions.

4.1.5.2 Macro Definition Documentation

#define NEMA_VG_ARC_CW

Clockwise arc segment

#define NEMA_VG_ARC_LARGE

Large arc segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_ARC

Arc segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_CUBIC

Cubic bezier segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_CUBIC_REL

Relative cubic bezier segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_QUAD

Quadratic bezier segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_QUAD_REL

Relative quadratic bezier segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_SCUBIC

Smooth cubic bezier segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_SCUBIC_REL

Relative smooth cubic bezier segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_SQUAD

Smooth quadratic bezier segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_BEZIER_SQUAD_REL

Relative smooth quadratic bezier segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_CLOSE

Close segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_HLINE

Horizontal line segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_HLINE_REL

Relative horizontal line segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_LCCWARC

Large counterclockwise arc segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_LCCWARC_REL

Relative large counterclockwise arc segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_LCWARC

Large clockwise arc segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_LCWARC_REL

Relative large rclockwise arc segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_LINE

Line segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_LINE_REL

Relative line segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_MASK

Mask for all segments

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_MOVE

Move segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_MOVE_REL

Relative move segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_POLYGON

Polygon segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_POLYGON_REL

Relative polygon segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_POLYLINE

Polyline segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_POLYLINE_REL

Relative polyline segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_SCCWARC

Small counterclockwise arc segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_SCCWARC_REL

Relative small counterclockwise arc segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_SCWARC

Small clockwise arc segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_SCWARC_REL

Relative small clockwise arc segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_VLINE

Vertical line segment

#define NEMA_VG_PRIM_VLINE_REL

Relative vertical line segment

#define NEMA_VG_REL

Rel segment

4.1.5.3 Function Documentation

void nema_vg_path_clear (NEMA_VG_PATH_HANDLE path)

Clear path.

Parameter	Description
path	Pointer to Path

Return

void

NEMA_VG_PATH_HANDLE nema_vg_path_create

Create path.

Return

Created path

void nema_vg_path_destroy (NEMA_VG_PATH_HANDLE path)

Destroy path.

Parameter	Description
path	Pointer to Path

Return

void

```
void nema_vg_path_set_matrix (  NEMA_VG_PATH_HANDLE path,
nema_matrix3x3_t m )
```

Set affine transformation matrix.

Parameter	Description
path	Pointer to path
m	3x3 affine transformation matrix

```
void nema_vg_path_set_shape (  NEMA_VG_PATH_HANDLE path,  const
size_t seg_size,  const uint8_t * seg,  const size_t data_size,
const nema_vg_float_t * data )
```

Set path shape (vertex buffer)

Parameter	Description
path	Pointer to path
seg_size	Number of segments to be added
seg	Pointer to segments
data_size	Number of data to be added
data	Pointer to coordinates

```
void nema_vg_path_set_shape_and_bbox (  NEMA_VG_PATH_HANDLE path,
const size_t seg_size,  const uint8_t * seg,  const size_t data_size,
const nema_vg_float_t * data,  const nema_vg_float_t * bbox )
```

Set path shape (vertex buffer) and bounding box. Same functionality as **nema_vg_path_set_shape()** but bbox is given by user (reduces CPU utilization)

Parameter	Description
path	Pointer to path
seg_size	Number of segments to be added
seg	Pointer to segments

Parameter	Description
data_size	Number of data to be added
data	Pointer to coordinates
bbox	Pointer to shape bound box coordinates {min_x, min_y, max_x, max_y}

4.1.6 nema_vg_tsvg.h

API for rendering .tsvg images.

```
#include "nema_vg_context.h"
```

4.1.6.1 Functions

void nema_vg_draw_tsvg(const void *buffer) Draws a TSVG buffer. void nema_vg_get_tsvg_resolution(const void *buffer, uint32_t *width, uint32_t *height)

Get the width and height of tsvg.

Detailed Description

API for rendering .tsvg images.

4.1.6.2 Function Documentation

void nema_vg_draw_tsvg (const void * buffer)

Draws a TSVG buffer.

Parameter	Description
buffer	Pointer to the TSVG buffer that will be drawn

void nema_vg_get_tsvg_resolution (const void * buffer, uint32_t * width, uint32_t * height)

Get the width and height of tsvg.

Parameter	Description
buffer	Tsvg buffer
width	return Tsvg width
height	return Tsvg height

4.1.7 nema_vg_version.h

Contains version numbers for NemaVG API and the currently supported font version.

Macros

```
#define NEMA_VG_MAJOR_VERSION 0x01U
#define NEMA_VG_MINOR_VERSION 0x01U
#define NEMA_VG_REVISION_VERSION 0x09U
#define NEMA_VG_IMP_VERSION 0x00241001U
#define NEMA_VG_API_VERSION ((NEMA_VG_MAJOR_VERSION << 16) +
(NEMA_VG_MINOR_VERSION << 8) + (NEMA_VG_REVISION_VERSION))
#define NEMA_VG_FONT_VERSION 0x02U
```

4.1.7.1 Detailed Description

Contains version numbers for NemaVG API and the currently supported font version.

4.1.7.2 Macro Definition Documentation

`#define NEMA_VG_API_VERSION`

NemaVG API version in format 0x00MMmmrr (M:major, m:minor, r:revision if any)

`#define NEMA_VG_FONT_VERSION`

Current font version

`#define NEMA_VG_IMP_VERSION`

NemaVG API version, implementation in format 0x00YYMM00 (Y: year, M: month)

`#define NEMA_VG_MAJOR_VERSION`

NemaVG API version, major number

`#define NEMA_VG_MINOR_VERSION`

NemaVG API version, minor number

`#define NEMA_VG_REVISION_VERSION`

NemaVG API version, revision number

4.2 Directories

Here is a list of all directories with brief descriptions:

4.2.1 File List

NemaVG

`nema_vg.h`

Core NemaVG API drawing and initialization functions.

`nema_vg_context.h`

NemaVG Context interface.

`nema_vg_font.h`

Vector font rendering.

`nema_vg_paint.h`

Paint operation related fuctions. Paint is an internal (opaque) struct of NemaVG. The functions defined here can be used access its parameters.

`nema_vg_path.h`

Path operation related fuctions.

`nema_vg_tsvg.h`

API for rendering .tsvg images.

`nema_vg_version.h`

Contains version numbers for NemaVG API and the currently supported font version.

4.3 Data Structures

Here is a list of all data structures with brief descriptions:

4.3.1 nema_vg_font_range_t

Data Structure

```
#include <nema_vg_font.h>
```

Data Fields

`const uint32_t first`

Unicode value of the first value of the range

`const uint32_t last`

Unicode value of the last value of the range

`const nema_vg_glyph_t * glyphs`

Pointer to the array of glyphs

NemaVG vector font range data struct

4.3.1.1 Detailed Description

NemaVG vector font range data struct

4.3.2 nema_vg_font_t

Data Structure

```
#include <nema_vg_font.h>
```

Data Fields

`const uint32_t version`

Font version

`const nema_vg_font_range_t * ranges`

Pointer to the array of ranges

`const nema_vg_float_t * data`

Pointer to the data of the vector font

`const size_t data_length`

Length of the vector font data

`const uint8_t * segment`

Pointer to the segments of the vector font

`const size_t segment_length`

Length of the vector font segments

`const float size`

Default font size (height)

`const float xAdvance`

Default advance width. If the space character is included in the ranges, then its advance width is set

`const float ascender`

Vertical distance from the baseline to the highest point of the font

`const float descender`

Vertical distance from the baseline to the lowest point of the font

const nema_vg_kern_pair_t * kern_pairs

Pointer to the array of the font's kerning pairs

uint32_t flags

Bit field, reserved for future use

const uint32_t units_per_em

Font units (points) per EM square

NemaVG vector font data struct

4.3.2.1 Detailed Description

NemaVG vector font data struct

4.3.3 nema_vg_glyph_t

Data Structure

#include <nema_vg_font.h>

Data Fields

const uint32_t data_offset

Offset value for the data of the glyph in the respective data array

const size_t data_length

Length of the data in the respective data array

const uint32_t segment_offset

Offset value for the segments of the glyph in the respective segment array

const size_t segment_length

Length of the segments in the respective segment array

const float xAdvance

Advance width

const uint32_t kern_offset

Kerning offset of the glyph in the respective kerning array

const uint8_t kern_length

Length of the kerning information of the glyph

const int16_t bbox_xmin

Minimum x of the glyph's bounding box

const int16_t bbox_ymin

Minimum y of the glyph's bounding box

const int16_t bbox_xmax

Maximum x of the glyph's bounding box

const int16_t bbox_ymax

Maximum y of the glyph's bounding box

NemaVG data struct of a glyph in vector format

4.3.3.1 Detailed Description

NemaVG data struct of a glyph in vector format

4.3.4 nema_vg_kern_pair_t

Data Structure

```
#include <nema_vg_font.h>
```

Data Fields

const uint32_t left

Neighbor character to the left of the current one (Unicode value)

const float x_offset

Kerning offset value (horizontally)

NemaVG Kerning pair information data struct

4.3.4.1 Detailed Description

NemaVG Kerning pair information data struct

SECTION

5

Utilities

Besides the core Nema GFX VG API discussed in the previous sections, a set of utilities (under development) for rendering Vector Graphics is also provided. These are an SVG parser and a TTF parser.

5.1 Nema TSVG Converter

TSVG is a proprietary binary format used in NemaVG, to encode SVG information for faster rendering of SVG images.

SVG images need to be converted to this format, in order to be used. The conversion is performed with the use of Nema pix-presso. For more information, refer to the Nema pix-presso Starting Guide document.

Figure 5-1: Ghostscript Tiger rendered from a tsvg file

5.2 Vector Font Converter

Nema vector font converter is a utility application, that works in a similar manner as the Nema font converter. More specifically, it converts a TrueType font (.ttf files) to vector font structs compatible with NemaVG API. The generated files (.c and .h files) can then be used along with other source files in NemaVG applications. When running this tool without any argument, the following information is printed:

```
NAME
        nema_vg_font_convert - convert TTF fonts to .bin, .c and
.h vector fonts, com▶ patible with NEMA|VG API

SYNOPSIS         nema_vg_font_convert [OPTION]... [
FILE]...

DESCRIPTION
        Convert TTF fonts to .c and .h, compatible with NEMA|gfx
graphics API
        -r, --range
add range of characters (start-end), e.g.: -r 0x20-0x7e, -r 32-127
        -h, --help
                display this help and exit
        -a, --ascii
                add ascii range. Equivalent to -r 0x20-0x7e
        -g, --greek
                add greek range. Equivalent to -r 0x370-0x3ff
        -k, --kerning
add kerning
```

Using vector fonts is enabled by using the respective NemaVG module (which can be found in **nema_vg_font.h** header file). This module defines the structs and functions that are used for processing (at application run time) the generated files that are produced by the vector font converter (offline process). The following figure illustrates a frame where Japanese characters are drawn in the display using this module.

Figure 5-2: Japanese characters drawn using NemaVG API

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